DIRECTORS' REPORT

To, The Members,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the **22**nd Annual Report on the performance and financial position of your Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023, together with the audited financials.

1) FINANCIAL SUMMARY:

(Rs. in Millions)

	Standalone		Consoli	idated
Particulars	As on 31.03.2023	As on 31.03.2022	As on 31.03.2023	As on 31.03.2022
Total Income	23,134.38	20,360.61	23,186.83	20,455.40
Total Expenditure Before Interest, Depreciation, Tax	(20,144.66)	(17,415.42)	(20,183.24)	(17,513.64)
Earnings Before Interest, Depreciation, Tax	2,989.72	2,945.19	3,003.59	2,941.76
Interest	(866.69)	(807.68)	(866.69)	(807.68)
Profit before Depreciation and Tax from continuing operations	2,123.03	2,137.51	2,136.90	2,134.08
Depreciation	(234.97)	(236.18)	(234.97)	(236.29)
Profit Before Tax from continuing operations	1,888.06	1,901.33	1,901.93	1,897.79
Tax expense of continuing operations	(300.07)	(399.18)	(302.52)	(399.27)
Profit after Tax from continuing operations (A)	1,587.99	1,502.15	1,599.41	1,498.52
Profit/(Loss) Before Tax from discontinued operations	(355.73)	(442.53)	(355.73)	(442.53)
Tax benefit of discontinued operations (Net)	33.20	149.12	33.20	149.12
Profit/(Loss) after Tax from discontinued operations (B)	(322.53)	(293.41)	(322.53)	(293.41)
Total Profit for the year (A+B)	1,265.46	1,208.74	1,276.88	1,205.11

2) STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS, FUTURE OUTLOOK ETC.:

A. YEAR IN RETROSPECT:

Industry outlook:

The Indian facility management market is projected to reach a value of USD 97.29 billion (INR 7,981 billion approx.) by 2028. Growth drivers have been rapid with urbanisation, booming construction sector, increasing emphasis on environmental and sustainability such as green building and growing awareness of outsourcing non-core activities.

Post COVID-19 pandemic, workplace solutions have recognised the importance of hygiene, indoor air quality for employee engagement and wellbeing. The industry also witnessed a propelled shift towards outcome-based contracts with automation and technology driving onsite integrated facility management delivery.

Business Overview:

BVG's journey over the years have been transformational building our core business delivery platforms to target future growth. The focus in FY 23 continued to be improving customer service, increasing employee engagement, strengthening cash flow.

We are now one of the leading facilities management business in India and our ambition is to drive each of our core business to its full potential not just financially but also through bringing positive contribution to the environment and society at large.

During the year, we revisited our diverse services and strategized creating four platforms to bring focused approach to our business portfolio. Our platforms are now Asset Management and Maintenance, Care and Custody, Environmental Services and Specialised Services.

Our new contract wins were of 440 new logos generating INR 1624 Million revenue recognised in FY 23 out of which 79% were contributed by private clients. Major wins have been Adani Airport , Chennai Metro, IIITD, Essel World to name a few. Our Client retention has been at 90% which endorses our focus on customer relationship and quality delivery and competitive pricing.

Our champion sectors have been Manufacturing, Healthcare and Education, Aviation and Environmental Services.

During the year under review, your Company has shown an impeccable growth as compared to previous year.

Standalone Performance:

The total income generated from continued operations in the current year is Rs. 23,134.38 Million as against Rs. 20,360.61 Million in the previous year recording an increase of 13.62%. Earnings before Interest, Tax and Depreciation (EBITDA) from continuing operations during the current year stood at Rs. 2,989.72 Million as against Rs. 2,945.19 Million in the previous year recording an increase of 1.51%.

Profit before Tax from continuing operations in the current year stood at Rs. 1,888.06 Million as against Rs. 1901.33 Million in the previous year. Profit after Tax from continuing operations in the current year stood at Rs. 1587.99 Million as against Rs. 1502.15 Million in the previous year recording an increase of 5.71%. However, the total Net Profit after appropriating losses from discontinuing operations stood at Rs. 1265.46 Million as against Rs. 1,208.74 Million in the previous year recording an increase of 4.69%.

Consolidated Performance:

The total income generated from continued operations in the current year is Rs. 23,186.83 Million as against Rs. 20,455.40 Million in the previous year recording an increase of 13.35%. Earnings before Interest, Tax and Depreciation (EBITDA) from continuing operations during the current year stood at Rs. 3,003.59 Million as against Rs. 2,941.76 Million in the previous year recording an increase of 2.10%.

Profit before Tax from continuing operations in the current year stood at Rs. 1901.93 Million as against Rs. 1,897.79 Million in the previous year recording an increase of 0.22%. Profit after Tax

from continuing operations in the current year stood at Rs. 1599.41 Million as against Rs. 1,498.52 Million in the previous year recording an increase of 6.73%. However, the total Net Profit after appropriating losses from discontinuing operations stood at Rs. 1276.88 Million as against Rs. 1,205.11 Million in the previous year recording an increase of 5.96%.

The Company had filed the Draft Red Herring Prospectus ("DRHP") with SEBI on September 30, 2021 and exchanged subsequent correspondences in the said matter. SEBI has vide letter dated March 2, 2023 returned the said DRHP for resubmission with applicable updates/revisions including updated financials.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has ordered an investigation under Section 210(1)(a) and (c) of the Companies Act, 2013 into the affairs of the Company through Registrar of Companies, Pune. Subsequently the MCA has issued several letters seeking information and various documents from time to time namely financial statements, statutory records, secretarial records, books of accounts, details of its business and branches, litigation details etc.

The Company has accordingly submitted all the requisite information and documents in response to the letters received. The matter is currently pending.

B. FUTURE OUTLOOK:

As we approach FY 2023–24, the Indian economy, with its rapid growth, is offering a plethora of opportunities which we intend to capitalise. RBI policies have helped to curb inflation to a certain extent resulting in future economic outlook quite optimistic. We are consistently investing in enhancing our capacities, adopting new technologies, upgrading existing processes and hiring highly skilled manpower to create an organization that can deftly deal with challenges in the future. Our operational excellence will propel us to the path of glory and success.

FY 23-24 has therefore started on a very positive note with healthy pipeline and robust order booking combined with full year benefit of contract won in last quarter of FY 22-23.

Driving strongly our four business platforms, our major focus will be on Environmental Services "Accelerating Your Net Zero Journey" for our customer in their initiative on ESG. Wins in Solar EPC, EV depot and charging infrastructure management underly our approach strategy towards building growth.

We are building robust and disciplined approach for bid mechanism to strengthen our Contract Management System. Our ongoing efforts on margin improvements initiatives including supply chain rationalisation, labour efficiency, overhead costs will offset inflationary headwinds.

The positive outlook in new financial year gears us for a better year ahead. We are committed to deliver in a self-sustained eco system with our people being fundamental to our success. We foster the culture of "Humanity Ahead", with forms the basis of creating a sustainable environment based on the principle of equity, diversity and inclusion.

C. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND THE COMPANY'S OPERATIONS IN FUTURE:

There are no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunal impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

D. MATERIAL CHANGES ETC. AFTER THE CLOSE OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR:

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of this report.

3) CAPITAL STRUCTURE:

A. SHARE CAPITAL

Your Company's Equity and Preference Share Capital position as at the beginning of the Financial Year (i.e. as on April 1, 2022) and as at the end of the said Financial Year (i.e. as on March 31, 2023) was as follows:

	Autho	rized Share	Capital	Issued, S	Subscribed &	& Paid-up
				!	Share Capit	al
Category of	No. of	Face	Total	No. of	Face	Total
Share Capital	Shares	Value per	Amount	Shares	Value	Amount
Share capital		Share	(Rs.)		per	(Rs.)
		(Rs.)			Share	
					(Rs.)	
As on April 1, 2	As on April 1, 2022:					
Equity	3,21,64,861	10	32,16,48,610	2,57,10,388	10	25,71,03,880
Preference	1,48,35,139	10	14,83,51,390	1,48,35,139	10	14,83,51,390
TOTAL	4,70,00,000	-	47,00,00,000	4,05,45,527	-	40,54,55,270
As on March 31, 2023:						
Equity	3,21,64,861	10	32,16,48,610	2,57,10,388	10	25,71,03,880
Preference	1,48,35,139	10	14,83,51,390	1,48,35,139	10	14,83,51,390
TOTAL	4,70,00,000	-	47,00,00,000	4,05,45,527	_	40,54,55,270

During the year under review, your Company has not allotted any Equity or Preference Shares and there is no change in the share capital of the Company.

B. DEBENTURES

Your Company had issued 682,977 Unsecured Optionally Convertible interest free debentures of Rs. 10/- each in the FY 2010-11. The Company has neither allotted nor redeemed any debentures during the Financial Year 2022-23.

4) SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATE COMPANIES, JOINT VENTURES AND CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIALS:

The list of Subsidiaries, Associate Companies and Joint Ventures of the Company as on the end of the financial year are under:

Name of the Entity	Nature
BVG Kshitij Waste Management Services Private Limited	Subsidiary Company
Out-of-Home Media (India) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company
BVG Skill Academy	Subsidiary Company
BVG-UKSAS (SPV) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company
BVG Security Services Private Limited	Subsidiary Company
BVG-UKSAS EMS Private Limited	Associate Company
Jhamtani Prosumers Solar Private Limited	Associate Company
BVG Krystal Joint Venture	Joint Venture

During the year, the Company has subscribed 2100 Equity Shares of Jhamtani Prosumers Solar Private Limited, a Private Limited Company incorporated on April 21, 2022 to carry on the business of manufacturing, supplying, generating, accumulating, distributing and dealing, supplying of Renewal Energy Systems like Solar Energy as its principal business activity, making it an Associate Company under Section 2(6) of the Companies Act, 2013. The investment was made upto Rs. 21,000/- comprising of 2100 equity shares of Rs. 10 each.

In accordance with Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the consolidated financial statements of the Company and all its Subsidiaries, Associate and Joint Ventures have been prepared and approved by the Board.

Further, a statement containing the salient features of the financial statements of each Subsidiary, Associate and Joint Venture is annexed to this report in the prescribed Form **AOC-1** - **Annexure I**.

5) RESERVES:

The Company has not transferred any amount to the General Reserves during the year under review.

6) DIVIDEND:

The Board of Directors at their meeting held on June 23, 2023 recommended a dividend of Rs. 2.50 per Equity Share of Rs. 10/- each (i.e. @ 25% of paid up Equity Share Capital) aggregating to Rs. 6,42,75,970/- to Equity Members and 0.0001/- per Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Share (CCPS) of Rs. 10/- (i.e. @ 0.001% of Preference Share Capital) aggregating to Rs. 1,484/- to the holders of CCPS as per their entitlement, payable out of the profits for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023, subject to the approval of the Members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting ("AGM").

In view of the changes made under the Income-tax Act, 1961, by the Finance Act, 2020, dividends paid or distributed by the Company shall be taxable in the hands of the Members. The Company shall, accordingly, make the payment of the dividend after deduction of tax at source.

7) INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF):

Pursuant to Section 124 and Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the IEPF Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ('the Rule'), all the unpaid and unclaimed dividends are required to be transferred by the Company to the IEPF established by the Government of India, after the completion of Seven Years. There has been no requirement of transfer of unclaimed or unpaid dividend to Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF") during the year.

8) DEPOSITS:

The Company during the year under review has not accepted deposits from the public falling under Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and the rules framed thereunder

9) EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN:

Pursuant to Section 92(3) read with Section 134(3)(a) of the Act, the Annual Return as on March 31, 2023 is available on the Company's website at https://www.bvgindia.com/annual-reports.php.

10) PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186:

Particulars of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are provided in the financials and notes on accounts.

11) PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES:

All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee for review and approval. Prior omnibus approval of the Audit Committee is obtained on a yearly basis for the transactions which are of unforeseen and repetitive nature.

All Related Party Transactions entered during the year were in Ordinary Course of the Business and at Arm's Length basis. The particulars of Contracts or Arrangements made with related parties made pursuant to Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 are annexed to this report in prescribed form AOC-2 - **Annexure II**.

12) DIRECTORS

A. BOARD COMPOSITION:

The Board of Directors is duly constituted and consists of the following Seven Directors as at the end of the financial year:

DIN	Name	Designation
01597742	Mr. Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad	Chairman and Managing Director
01597365	Mr. Umesh G. Mane	Non-Executive Director*
06972087	Mrs. Swapnali D. Gaikwad	Non-Executive (Woman) Director
07775198	Mr. Pankaj Dhingra	Non-Executive Director
03069236	Mr. Chandrakant N. Dalvi	Independent Director
02142050	Mr. Prabhakar D. Karandikar	Independent Director
08152265	Mr. Rajendra R. Nimbhorkar	Independent Director

^{*} The Board vide its meeting held on March 10, 2023 has revised the designation of Mr. Umesh Gautam Mane (DIN: 01597365) who was earlier appointed as Whole-time Director designated as Vice-Chairman and Joint Managing Director on the Board of the Company, to Non-Executive Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation.

None of the Directors on the Board holds directorships in more than ten public companies; or as independent directors in more than seven listed entities.

B. BOARD DIVERSITY

The Board comprises of adequate number of members with diverse experience and skills, such that it best serves the governance and strategic needs of the Company. The Directors are persons of eminence in areas of industry and administration etc. and bring with them experience and skills which add value to the performance of the Board. The Directors are selected purely on the basis of merit with no discrimination on race, colour, religion, gender or nationality.

None of the Directors of the Company are disqualified for being appointed as Directors as specified in Section 164(2) of the Act and Rule 14(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014.

C. APPOINTMENT AND RESIGNATION:

Mr. Jayant Gopal Pendse (DIN: 02434630) was appointed as an Independent Director of the Company for an initial term of 5 years and later re-appointed for a further term of 1 year upto March 23, 2023. Pursuant to Section 149, 152 read with Schedule IV and other applicable

provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, an Independent Director shall not continue to hold the office of directorship for more than two consecutive terms. Hence, his term as an Independent Director of the Company has ended on March 23, 2023 as per law.

D. RETIREMENT BY ROTATION:

Mrs. Swapnali D. Gaikwad, Non-Executive Director of the Company retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, has offered herself for reappointment.

E. MEETINGS OF THE BOARD:

The Board met Six (6) times during the Financial Year viz. on April 08, 2022, June 02, 2022, September 30, 2022, January 11, 2023, March 10, 2023 and March 29, 2023. The intervening gap between the meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

Name of Director	No. of Board Meetings Entitled to attend	No. of Board meetings attended
Mr. Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad	6	6
Mr. Umesh G. Mane	6	2
Mrs. Swapnali D. Gaikwad	6	6
Mr. Pankaj Dhingra	6	6
Mr. Jayant G. Pendse	5	5
Mr. Chandrakant N. Dalvi	6	5
Mr. Rajendra R. Nimbhorkar	6	6
Mr. Prabhakar D. Karandikar	6	6

13) DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 149(6) of the Act, the Independent Directors have submitted declarations that each of them meet the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act along with Rules framed thereunder. There has been no change in the circumstances affecting their status as Independent Directors of the Company. During the year under review, the Independent Directors of the Company had no pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company, other than sitting fees and reimbursement of expenses, if any.

Further, the Independent Directors have registered their names in the data bank of Independent Directors maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs in terms of Section 150 of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014.

14) DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

In accordance with Section 134 (3) (c) read with Section 134 (5) the Directors state that:

- a. In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b. The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- c. The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and

- e. not applicable, being an unlisted Company;
- f. The Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

15) KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

During the financial year following are the Key Managerial Personnel:

- 1. Mr. Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad, Chairman and Managing Director
- 2. *Mr. Umesh G. Mane, Vice Chairman and Whole Time Director (upto March 9, 2023)
- 3. Mr. Manoj P. Jain, Chief Financial Officer
- 4. Ms. Rajni R. Pamnani, Company Secretary

16) COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD:

The Company has constituted following committees in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013:

A. AUDIT COMMITTEE:

In accordance with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Audit Committee consists of four Directors with Independent Directors forming a majority. Pursuant to the end of term of Mr. Jayant G. Pendse as Independent Director of the Company, the Board in its meeting held on March 29, 2023 had reconstituted the composition of the Audit Committee. The Composition of the Committee as on the close of the financial year is as under:

Sr. No.	Name of the Committee Member	Category
1.	Mr. Prabhakar D. Karandikar, Chairman	Independent Director
2.	Mr. Chandrakant N. Dalvi	Independent Director
3.	Mr. Rajendra R. Nimbhorkar	Independent Director
4.	Mr. Pankaj Dhingra	Non-Executive Director

*Mr. Jayant G. Pendse, Independent Director of the Company ceases to be the Member of the Audit Committee by virtue of his term being ended on March 23, 2023 as per Section 149 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Audit Committee met four times during the Financial Year on April 08, 2022, June 02, 2022, September 30, 2022 and March 10, 2023. The Board has accepted all the recommendations made by the Audit Committee during the year.

B. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

In accordance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee consists of two Independent Directors and one Non-Executive Director of the Company. Pursuant to the end of term of Mr. Jayant G. Pendse as Independent Director of the Company, the Board in its meeting held on March 29, 2023 had reconstituted the composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Composition of the Committee as on the close of the financial year is as under:

Sr. No.	Name of the Committee Member	Category
1	Mr. Chandrakant N. Dalvi, Chairman	Independent Director
2	Mr. Rajendra R. Nimbhorkar	Independent Director
3	Mr. Pankaj Dhingra	Non-Executive Director

^{*}With effect from March 10, 2023 designation changed to Non-Executive Director

*Mr. Jayant G. Pendse, Independent Director of the Company ceases to be the Member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee by virtue of his term being ended on March 23, 2023 as per Section 149 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee met twice during the financial year on June 02, 2022 and March 10, 2023.

C. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) COMMITTEE:

In accordance with Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee consists of three Directors out of which one is an Independent Director of the Company. Pursuant to the end of term of Mr. Jayant G. Pendse as Independent Director of the Company and pre-occupation of Mr. Umesh G. Mane, Non-Executive Director of the Company, the Board in its meeting held on March 29, 2023 had reconstituted the composition of the CSR Committee. The Composition of the Committee as on the close of the financial year is as under:

Sr. No.	Name of the Committee Member	Category
1.	Mr. Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad, Chairman	Chairman and Managing Director
2.	Mrs. Swapnali D. Gaikwad	Non-Executive Woman Director
3.	Mr. Chandrakant N. Dalvi	Independent Director

^{*}Mr. Umesh G. Mane, Non-Executive Director of the Company ceases to be the Member of the CSR Committee w.e.f March 29, 2023.

The CSR Committee met thrice during the financial year on April 06, 2022, September 09, 2022 and October 27, 2022.

D. FINANCE COMMITTEE:

Due to the nature of transactions and the periodic requirement of various credit facilities from Banks and Finance Companies for purchase of vehicles/term loans/working capital etc, the Board of Directors of the Company have formulated the Finance Committee delegating the authority to the members of the Committee to sanction approvals for borrowings from time to time. The Board of Directors in their meeting held on January 11, 2023 have increased the borrowings limit from Rs. 300,00,00,000/- (Rupees Three Hundred Crores only) to Rs. 500,00,00,000/- (Rupees Five Hundred Crores only).

Pursuant to the pre-occupation of Mr. Umesh G. Mane, Non-Executive Director of the Company, the Board in its meeting held on March 29, 2023 had reconstituted the composition of the Finance Committee.

The Composition of the Committee as on the close of the financial year is as under:

Sr. No.	Name of the Committee Member	Category
1.	Mr. Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad, Chairman	Chairman and Managing Director
2.	Mr. Pankaj Dhingra	Non-Executive Director
3.	Mrs. Swapnali D. Gaikwad	Non-Executive Woman Director

^{*}Mr. Umesh G. Mane, Non-Executive Director of the Company ceases to be the Member of the Finance Committee w.e.f March 29, 2023.

^{**}Mr. Jayant G. Pendse, Independent Director of the Company ceases to be the Member of the CSR Committee by virtue of his term being ended on March 23, 2023 as per Section 149 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Finance Committee met Six times during the financial year on July 30, 2022, September 27 2022, November 02, 2022, December 02, 2022, December 29, 2022 and March 01, 2023.

E. IPO COMMITTEE

In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, as amended, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, and the uniform listing agreements, the Board had constituted the Initial Public Offer (IPO) Committee on August 14, 2020 consisting of three Members out of which one is an Independent Director of the Company. The Composition of the Committee as on the close of the financial year is as under:

Sr. No.	Name of the Committee Member	Category
1.	Mr. Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad, Chairman	Chairman and Managing Director
2.	Mr. Umesh G. Mane	Non-Executive Director
3.	Mr. Prabhakar D. Karandikar	Independent Director

Presently convening of the IPO Committee meeting is not applicable and therefore no meeting was held during the financial year.

F. OTHER COMMITTEES FORMED BY THE BOARD:

The Company had constituted the following committees during the financial year 2020-21, however compliance relating to the same shall be applicable only after listing and as per Listing Regulations. The Composition of the Committees as on the close of the financial year is as under:

i) Risk Management Committee:

Sr. No.	Name of the Committee Member	Category
1.	Mr. Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad, Chairman	Chairman and Managing Director
2.	Mr. Umesh G. Mane	Non-Executive Director
3.	Mr. Rajendra R. Nimbhorkar	Independent Director
4.	Mr. Manoj P. Jain	Chief Financial Officer

ii) Stakeholders Relationships Committee:

Sr. No.	Name of the Committee Member	Category
1.	Mr. Prabhakar D. Karandikar, Chairman	Independent Director
2.	Mr. Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad	Chairman and Managing Director
3.	Mr. Umesh G. Mane	Non-Executive Director

17) POLICIES FORMULATED BY THE BOARD:

The Company has formulated various policies in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013, as detailed below:

A. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY:

In accordance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board, at its meeting held on August 14, 2020 had approved the revised Nomination and Remuneration (N&R) Policy adopted earlier on September 19, 2014, upon recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, relating to the remuneration for the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees. In light of the proposed initial public offering and listing of the Company's equity shares on the stock exchanges, it was required to adopt certain policies/ code of conducts in terms of the Listing Regulations and the Companies Act, 2013, as amended and

the rules made thereunder. Further, the Board at its meeting held on September 24, 2021, has adopted revised N&R Policy in supersession to the aforesaid existing policy.

B. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY POLICY:

In accordance with Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board, at its meeting held on August 14, 2020 had approved the revised Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy adopted earlier on September 19, 2014, upon recommendations of CSR committee. In light of the proposed initial public offering and listing of the Company's equity shares on the stock exchanges, it was required to adopt certain policies/ code of conducts in terms of the Listing Regulations and the Companies Act, 2013, as amended and the rules made thereunder. Further, the Board at its meeting held on September 24, 2021, has adopted revised CSR Policy in supersession to the aforesaid existing policy.

During the year, the Company has spent the requisite amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) in various activities specified in Schedule VII. The details are mentioned in the **Annexure III.**

C. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY:

The Company has well defined Risk Management Policy and potential risks have been identified. The Audit Committee discusses the various risks at regular intervals and the necessary steps are taken to reduce the impact of risks. In light of the proposed initial public offering and listing of the Company's equity shares on the stock exchanges, it was required to adopt certain policies/ code of conducts in terms of the Listing Regulations and the Companies Act, 2013, as amended and the rules made thereunder. Further, the Board at its meeting held on September 24, 2021, has adopted revised Risk Management Policy in supersession to the aforesaid existing policy.

D. VIGIL MECHANISM/WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY:

In accordance with Section 177 (9) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has established a vigil mechanism that enables the Directors and Employees to report genuine concerns. The Vigil Mechanism provides for (a) adequate protection/ safeguards against victimization of persons who use the Vigil Mechanism; and (b) direct access to the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company in appropriate or exceptional cases (c) identity of Whistle Blower is kept confidential to the extent possible and permitted under law. In light of the proposed initial public offering and listing of the Company's equity shares on the stock exchanges, it was required to adopt certain policies/ code of conducts in terms of the Listing Regulations and the Companies Act, 2013, as amended and the rules made thereunder. Further, the Board at its meeting held on September 24, 2021, has adopted revised Whistle Blower Policy in supersession to the aforesaid existing policy.

E. POLICY ON ANTI- SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMAN AT WORKPLACE:

The Company has in place a Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirement of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. In light of the proposed initial public offering and listing of the Company's equity shares on the stock exchanges, it was required to adopt certain policies/ code of conducts in terms of the Listing Regulations and the Companies Act, 2013, as amended and the rules made thereunder. Further, the Board at its meeting held on September 24, 2021, has adopted revised Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in supersession to the aforesaid existing policy. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under the policy. There were no complaints received during the year 2022-23.

F. ANTI-BRIBERY POLICY:

The Company being an Indian Company is covered under Indian laws and bribery (both private and public) is prohibited under Indian laws specifically under the Prevention of Corruption Act ('PCA') of 1988. Employees of the Company are prohibited from paying or

receiving bribes from any private party. There were no complaints received during the year 2022-23.

Apart from the above, the Company in its Board Meeting held on August 14, 2020, has also, in addition to above, formulated following policies and code of conducts in terms of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (the "Insider Trading Regulations"). Further, the Board at its meeting held on September 24, 2021, has adopted the following revised policies in supersession to the existing policies.

- a) Archival Policy for archiving data and documents in relation to the Company;
- b) Code of conduct for board of directors and senior management;
- c) Policy for determination of materiality threshold for disclosure of events or information;
- d) Policy on diversity of board of directors;
- e) Code of practices and procedures for fair disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information;
- f) Code of conduct to regulate, monitor and report trading by insiders;
- g) Familiarisation programmes for independent directors;
- h) Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries;
- i) Materiality Policy for related party transactions;
- j) Policy on Whistle Blower Operating Guidelines;
- k) Policy and procedure for enquiry in case of leak/suspected leak of unpublished price sensitive information;
- l) Policy on evaluation of independent directors and board of directors;
- m) Policy on preservation of documents;
- n) Succession plan for appointment of directors and senior management; and
- o) Dividend distribution policy.

The Company's various policies formulated in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 from time to time, are available on the Company's website at www.bvgindia.com.

18) FORMAL EVALUATION:

The Board of Directors has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, board committees, and individual directors pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The performance of the Board was evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from all the Directors on the basis of criteria such as the Board composition and structure, effectiveness of Board processes, information and functioning etc.

The performance evaluation of the Board as a whole, the Chairman and Non- Independent Directors was also carried out by the Independent Directors.

19) INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS:

The Company ensures orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and the timely preparation of reliable financial information. The Company reviews the financials periodically and takes suitable/corrective measures, if necessary.

20) AUDITORS:

A. APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS:

The Company at its 18th Annual General Meeting had appointed M/s. MSKA & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Pune, (Firm Registration No. 105047W) (PAN No. AACFK3470E), as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for five consecutive financial years till the conclusion of 23rd Annual General Meeting.

B. REMUNERATION TO AUDITORS:

As required under Section 142 of the Companies Act, 2013, a proposal is put up for approval of members for authorizing the Board of Directors of the Company to fix Auditors' remuneration for the Financial Year 2023-24. The members are requested to approve the same at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

C. EXPLANATIONS OR COMMENTS BY THE BOARD ON EVERY QUALIFICATION, RESERVATION ETC. MADE BY AUDITORS:

The annexure to the auditor's report refers to delays in payment of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees state insurance and goods and service tax. The Company has a system in place to account for all statutory dues and deposits them within the time frame prescribed. The delays in provident fund and employees' state insurance are primarily due to non-generation of Universal Account Number ('UAN') and delays in employee registration formalities through online portal.

The Company has introduced an onboarding process to ensure that employee registration formalities are done within time. Further, as regards delays in payment of other dues, the Company has brought down the quantum and level of delays in the last 12 months, and is in the process of further streamlining the payments. There are no dues which have not been deposited with the Government Authorities on account of any disputes except Service Tax and Income Tax. The details of the disputes are given in the Auditors report.

D. REPORTING OF OFFENCES INVOLVING FRAUD

The auditors have not reported any offences involving fraud committed against the Company by any of the officers or employees of the Company, to the Central Government or the Board or any other authority, as provided in Section 143 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with corresponding rules, circulars, notifications, orders and amendments thereof.

21) SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has complied with all the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standards issued and revised from time to time by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India in respect to Meetings of Board of Directors and General Meetings

22) SECRETARIAL AUDITORS:

A. APPOINTMENT

The Board had appointed M/s. Kailas Ashish & Co., Company Secretaries (erstwhile known as M/s. Kailas Elkunchwar and Co., Company Secretaries), who have provided their consent and confirmed their eligibility to act as the Secretarial Auditors of the Company, to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the year 2022-2023 pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. The Report of the Secretarial Audit is annexed to this report. - **Annexure IV**.

B. EXPLANATIONS OR COMMENTS BY THE BOARD ON EVERY QUALIFICATION, RESERVATION ETC. MADE BY AUDITOR

There are no adverse remarks or reservations given by the Secretarial Auditor for the year under review. The comments mentioned in the Secretarial Audit Report are self-explanatory.

23) INTERNAL AUDITORS:

In accordance with Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 13 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the Board had appointed M/s Ernst & Young LLP as Internal Auditors of the Company for the current Financial Year ending March 31, 2023.

24) CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

(Refer: Section 134 (3) (i) of the Companies Act, 2013 & Rule 8 (3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

A. Conservation of Energy:

- (i) The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy:

 The Company continues to make endeavors for conservation of energy by taking awareness programs amongst the employees and workers.
- (ii) The steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy:

 The Company is continuously exploring the possibilities of utilizing alternate sources of energy in the form of solar energy.
- (iii) The capital investment on energy conservation equipments:

 The Company has not made any capital investments on energy conservation equipments.

B. Technology Absorption:

Not applicable to the Company, taking into consideration, the business activities of the Company.

C. Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:

The Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year and the Foreign Exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows is:

Foreign Exchange Earnings: Rs. NIL Foreign Exchange Outgo: Rs. 526,986,826/-

25) MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS:

The Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub section (1) of Section 148 of the Act in respect of services / business carried out by the Company.

26) PARTICULARS RELATING TO EMPLOYEES:

In accordance with Rule 5 (2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, a statement showing name and other details of every employee of the Company, who was in receipt of remuneration exceeding the limits specified in the said rule, is annexed to this report - **Annexure V**.

27) PERSONNEL:

The Directors wish to place on record the deep appreciation for the services rendered and value the contribution made by the employees of the Company at all levels and for their continued hard work, dedication and loyalty and in ensuring high level of performance and growth that the Company has achieved during the year.

28) DETAILS OF APPLICATION MADE OR ANY PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016, DURING THE YEAR ALONG WITH THEIR STATUS AS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

One of the Operational Creditors of the Company has filed an application under Section 9 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 read with Rule 6 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy before the National Company Law Tribunal at Mumbai. The amount is disputed and the matter is currently not yet admitted as on date.

29) ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

Your Directors are grateful to the Central and State Governments, Statutory Authorities, Local Bodies, Banks, NBFCs and Consultants for their continued support and cooperation. Your Directors warmly acknowledge the trust and confidence reposed in your Company by its dealers, customers and organizations in supporting its business activities and growth. Your Directors also express their gratitude to the other business associates for their unstinting support. Last but not the least, your Directors are thankful to the Members for extending their constant trust and for the confidence shown in the Company.

For & On Behalf of the Board For BVG India Limited

Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 01597742

Date: June 23, 2023

Place: Pune

Swapnali D. Gaikwad Director

DIN: 06972087

ANNEXURE I

FORM AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of Section 129 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Information in respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amounts in Rs.)

1.

Sl. No.	Particulars	Details (Amount in thousands)
1.	Name of the subsidiary	BVG Kshitij Waste Management Services Private Limited
2.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding Company's reporting period	1st April, 2022 to 31st March, 2023
3.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	N. A.
4.	Share capital	Rs. 100.00
5.	Reserves & surplus	Rs. 1,983.00
6.	Total Assets	Rs. 2,124.00
7.	Total Liabilities (Excluding Share Capital & Reserves)	Rs. 41.00
8.	Investments	NIL
9.	Turnover	NIL
10.	Profit/(Loss) before taxation	(Rs. 49.00)
11.	Provision for taxation	NIL
12.	Profit/(Loss) after taxation	(Rs. 49.00)
13.	Proposed Dividend	NIL
14.	% of shareholding	74.00%

2.

S. No.	Particulars	Details (Amount in thousands)
1.	Name of the subsidiary	Out of Home Media (India) Private Limited
2.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	1 st April, 2022 to 31 st March, 2023
3.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	N.A.
4.	Share capital	Rs. 36,59,91.62
5.	Reserves & surplus	Rs. (3,66,041.38)
6.	Total Assets	Rs. 103.37
7.	Total Liabilities (Excluding Share Capital & Reserves)	Rs. 153.13
8.	Investments	NIL
9.	Turnover	NIL
10.	Profit/(Loss) before taxation	Rs. 293.45
11.	Provision for taxation	NIL
12.	Profit/(Loss) after taxation	Rs. 293.45
13.	Proposed Dividend	NIL
14.	% of shareholding	100.00%

3.

S. No.	Particulars	Details (Amount in thousands)
1.	Name of the subsidiary	BVG Skill Academy
2.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	1st April, 2022 to 31st March, 2023
3.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	N.A.
4.	Share capital	Rs. 500.00
5.	Reserves & surplus	Rs. 8,301.39
6.	Total assets	Rs. 18,246.21
7.	Total Liabilities (Excluding Share Capital & Reserves)	Rs. 9,444.82
8.	Investments	NIL
9.	Turnover	Rs. 33,908.56
10.	Profit before taxation	Rs. 7,769.17
11.	Provision for taxation	Rs. 2,406.84
12.	Profit after taxation	Rs. 5,362.33
13.	Proposed Dividend	NIL
14.	% of shareholding	51.00%

4.

S. No.	Particulars	Details (Amount in thousands)
1.	Name of the subsidiary	BVG Security Services Private Limited
2.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	1 st April, 2022 to 31 st March, 2023
3.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	N.A.
4.	Share capital	Rs. 100.00
5.	Reserves & surplus	Rs. 2,916.00
6.	Total assets	Rs. 8,370.00
7.	Total Liabilities (Excluding Share Capital & Reserves)	Rs. 5,354.00
8.	Investments	NIL
9.	Turnover	Rs. 19,812.00
10.	Profit (Loss) before taxation	Rs. 4,232.00
11.	Provision for taxation	Rs. 35.00
12.	Profit after taxation	Rs. 4,197.00
13.	Proposed Dividend	NIL
14.	% of shareholding	51.00%

5.

S. No.	Particulars	Details (Amount in thousands)
1.	Name of the subsidiary	BVG-UKSAS (SPV) Private Limited
2.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	1 st April, 2022 to 31 st March, 2023
3.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	N.A.
4.	Share capital	Rs. 100.00
5.	Reserves & surplus	(Rs.50.75)
6.	Total assets	Rs. 64.25
7.	Total Liabilities (Excluding Share Capital & Reserves)	Rs. 15.00
8.	Investments	NIL
9.	Turnover	NIL
10.	Profit (Loss) before taxation	Rs. 20.75
11.	Provision for taxation	NIL
12.	Profit (Loss) after taxation	Rs. 20.75
13.	Proposed Dividend	NIL
14.	% of shareholding	74.00%

- 1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations: N.A
- 2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: N.A.

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

(Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures)

1.

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Name of the Joint Ventures	BVG Krystal Joint Venture
2.	Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31st March, 2023
3.	No. of Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end	N.A.
4.	Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	-
5.	Extent of Holding%	51% (PSR)
6.	Description of how there is significant influence	BVG India Limited has 51% voting power and 51% share of profit
7.	Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	It has been consolidated
8.	Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	Rs. (1,60,506.00)
9.	Profit/Loss for the year (After Tax)	Rs. (5,900.00)
10.	Considered in Consolidation	Yes
11.	Not Considered in Consolidation	N.A.

2.

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Name of the Associate	BVG-UKSAS EMS Private Limited
2.	Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31st March, 2023
3.	No. of Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the Company on the year end	4,900 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- Only
4.	Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	Rs. 49,000.00
5.	Extent of Holding%	49%
6.	Description of how there is significant influence	Section 2(6) of The Companies Act, 2013
7.	Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	It has been consolidated
8.	Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	Rs. NIL
9.	Profit/(Loss) for the year (After Tax)	Rs. (7,83,650.00)
10.	Considered in Consolidation	Yes

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Name of the Associate	Jhamtani Prosumers Solar Private Limited
2.	Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31st March, 2023
3.	No. of Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the Company on the year end	2,100 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- Only
4.	Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	Rs. 21,000.00
5.	Extent of Holding%	21%
6.	Description of how there is significant influence	Section 2(6) of The Companies Act, 2013
7.	Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	It has been consolidated
8.	Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	Rs.(1,19,13,824.00)
9.	Profit/(Loss) for the year (After Tax)	Rs. (1,20,13,824.00)-
10.	Considered in Consolidation	Yes

- 1. Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations: N.A.
- 2. Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year: N.A.

Swapnali D. Gaikwad

For & On Behalf of the Board For BVG India Limited

Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad **Chairman and Managing Director**

Director DIN: 01597742 DIN: 06972087

Date: June 23, 2023

Place: Pune

ANNEXURE II

Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

There were no contracts or arrangements or transactions entered into during the year ended 31 March 2023, which were not at arm's length basis.

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis: (Rs. In Million)

The details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis for the year ended 31 March 2023 are detailed in the Notes to Financial Statement annexed to the Annual Report for which appropriate approvals have been taken from the Audit Committee and Board of Directors of the Company

(a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Mrs. Vaishali Gaikwad (Spouse of Managing Director)	Mr. Dattatraya Gaikwad (Spouse of Director)	BVG Jal Private Limited	Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited
(b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions	Compensation	Compensation	Purchase of goods and services	Purchase of goods and services
(c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	Ongoing	Ongoing	Ongoing	Ongoing
(d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	8.32	3.82	0.04	10.58
(e) Date(s) of approval by the Board	01-Apr-2019	01-Apr-2019	NA	NA
(f) Amount paid/received as advances, if any	-	-	-	-

(a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	BVG Health Food Private Limited	BVG Skill Academy	BVG Life Sci	BVG Agrotech Services LLP	
(b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions	Purchase of goods and services	Purchase of goods and services	Sale of Services	Purchase of goods and services	Purchase of goods and services
(c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	Ongoing	Ongoing	Ongoing	Ongoing	Ongoing
(d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	0.01	1.98	3.60	7.74	0.03
(e) Date(s) of approval by the Board	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
(f) Amount paid/received as advances, if any	-	-	-	-	-

For & On Behalf of the Board For BVG India Limited

Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 01597742

Date: June 23, 2023 Place: Pune

Swapnali D. Gaikwad Director

DIN: 06972087

ANNEXURE III

Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Joen	и1.	жезропогоні	- \	ls abou	t CCD			
1.			رد	The Rusin				oad a	11 over Indi	ie
1.	Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company		a)						ll over Indi ple living i	
	Company			-				-		
				offices are			iere irie	Com	pany and it	ıs
			1. \					11	1.1	1.
			b)	,					any suitabl	
				•	-				to the Ac	
									plement th	ıe
				following		es as ou	ır thrust	area	s:	
				i. Educatio						
						provid	ling med	lical	facilities an	ıd
				medicines						
				iii. Enviro						
				iv. Social 1	Empow	erment				
				v. Infrastr						
			c)) The inves	tment i	in CSR	will be p	proje	ct based an	ıd
				for every	project	time fra	med pe	riodi	c mile stone	es
				shall be fi						
			ď	,					SR are to b	Эe
				implemen						
									organizatio	
									de to wor	:k
				singly or i	n tande	em with		_		
2.	Composition of the CSR	Sr		Name of		gnation/	Numbe meeting		Number of meetings of	
	Committee	No	о.	Director		ure of torship	CSR		CSR	
						r	Commi		Committee attended	
							helddui the ye	-	during the	
					GI.	1	-		year	
		1.		Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad,		nan and g Director	3		3	
		_	_	Chairman	N		2		2	
		2.		*Umesh G. Mane, Member		xecutive ector	3		3	
		3.		*Jayant G.		xecutive	3		3	
				Pendse, Member		endent ector				
		4.		Swapnali D.		xecutive	0		0	
				Gaikwad, Member	Dir	ector				
		5.	-	Chandrakant N.	Non-E	xecutive	0		0	•
				Dalvi, Member		endent ector				
3.	Provide the web-link where				DII	ector				
	Composition of CSR committee,									
	CSR Policy and CSR projects									
	approved by the board are				www.	.bvgind	ia.com			
	disclosed on the website of the					O				
	Company.									
	1 0									
4.	Provide the details of Impact									
	assessment of CSR projects carried									
	out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of									
	rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate				Not	Applic	able			
	Social responsibility Policy) Rules,									
	2014, if applicable (attach the									
	report)									
5.	Details of the amount available for	S	r.	Financial Y	ear	Amount ava	ailable for	Amo	unt required to	
	set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3)		lo.	1 IIIIII I		et-off	from		et- off for the	
	of rule 7 of the Companies					receding			cial year, if an	
	(Corporate Social responsibility				_	ears (in Rs		(in R	-	
	Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount	1		2021-22		0.26 Mi	illion	(0.26 Million	٦
	required for set off for the financial	Ħ		TOTAL		0.26 Mi	illion		0.26 Million	\dashv
	year, if any	TOTAL 0.26 Million 0.26 Million								

6.		age net p	profit of 135(5)	the Co	mpan	у			Rs. 12	18.83 Mi	llions		
7.	profit Section	of thon 135(5)		pany	as pe	er	Rs. 24.38 Millions						
	projec	ets or ties of t	rising or prog he prev	ramme	es o	or							
	(c) A	mount r	equired		e set off y Rs. 0.26 Millions								
	(d) T	otal CS	R obligation	ation f		e	Rs. 24.12 Millions						
8.	(a) CS	SR amou	ınt spen	t or uns	spent	for the	financ	cial year:					1
	Tota	l Amo	unt					Amoun	t Unspent				
	Sper	t for	the						n Rs.)				
	Fina (in R	ncial Year. s.)		Unspent C		nsferred to count as pe 5(6).	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
				Amount.	Dat	te of transf	fer.	Name of the	e Fund	Amou	nt.	Date o	of transfer.
	33	.00 Millions	s	Nil		Nil					Nil		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	ng projec (7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		(11)
	Sr. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/No).		Location of theproject.	Project duration.	ated for theproject (in Rs.).	Amount spent in the currentfinancial year (in Rs.).	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) (inRs.).	Mode of Implementation - Direct (Yes/No).	Mode of Implementation Through Implementing Agency	
		Ž	rom the l	Lo	State.	District		Amount allocated for	ount spent	Am Unspent CSR Sec	Mode of L	Na me	CSR Registration number.
			Item f					¥	Am	Ur			number.
	1.		Item f					V	Am	Ur			number.
	1.		Item f				No	▼ t Applicable		U			number.
			Item f				No			'n			number.

	(c) Det	ails of CSR an	nount spe	nt against c	ther than	ongo	ing project	s for the	financia	l year:	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	
	Sr. No.	No. Name of the Project	Item fromthe list of activities in schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/No).	Location of the project.		Amount spent for the project (in Rs.).	Mode of implem entation	Mode of implementation - Through implementing agency.		
		Z th	Item fromthe schedule	Local are	State.	District.	Amou the pro	Direct (Yes/No)	Name	CSR regist ratio n num ber	
	1 1	Promotion of Education	Research and other Educati Activities		Iaharashtra	Satara	20.50 Millions	No	Phaltan Education Society	CSR000 18725	
	2.	health, education	nUplifting Soc ,economic ,Backward So		Iaharashtra N	Mumbai	12.50 Millions	No	Omkar Andh Apang Samajik Sanstha	CSR000 03196	
		TOTAL					33.00 Millions				
	(d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads Nil										
	(e) Am	(e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if Not applicable				lot Appli	t Applicable				
	(f) Tota					. 33.00 M	.00 Millions				
		ess amount fo	or set off, i		1						
	Sr. No.		Particulars Amount (in Rs.)								
	(i)		Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per Section 135(5)								
	(ii)		Total amount spent for the Financial Year							33.00 Millions	
	(iii)	Excess amo	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]						8.62 Millions		
	(iv)		Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any						0.26 Millions		
	(v) Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)] 8.88 Millions										
9.	(a) D	etails of Unsp	ent CSR a							nt	
	. 6	nancial ansferred	to CSR derSection in Rs.)	t spent he nancial year ts.).	Amount transferre d to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per Section 135(6), if			135(6), if any.	financial years.		
	Sr. No.	PrecedingFinancial Year. Amount transferred	Unspent CSR Account underSection 135 (6)(in Rs.)	Amount spent in the reporting financial year (in Rs.).	Name of the Fund		Amount (in Rs).	Date of transfer.	(in Rs.)		
	1.	2021-22	Nil	19.00 Million	s N.A.		N.A.	N.A.	N	J.A.	
	2.	2020-21	Nil	Nil	2.70 Millio	ns 2.7		30/09/2021 25/03/2022 and 28/03/2022	2	Nil	
		1 1		N T+1	Not	Not	Applicable	26/03/2022 Not		pplicable	
	3.	2019-20 Not .	Applicable	Nil	Applicabl			Applicable		ppiicable	

	financial year	(3) (4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)		
						1			
	Sr. No. Project ID.	Name ofthe Project. Financial Year in which the project was commenced.	Project duration.	Total amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	Amount spent on the project in the reporting financial year (in Rs).	Cumulative amount spentat the end ofreporting financial year. (in Rs.)	Status of theproject Completed /Ongoing.		
	1								
	TOTAL								
10.	Asset Wise-De a) Date of cr	tion or acquisition or uired through CSR s etails: eation or acquisition	pent in the	financial ye	ear: NIL	elating to			
	b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset			or	Not Applicable				
	beneficiar	Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.			Not Applicable				
	or acquire	d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset)				Not Applicable			
	Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per Section 135(5)				Not Applicable				

 $^{^{*}}$ Mr. Umesh G. Mane and Mr. Jayant G. Pendse ceases to be the members of the CSR Committee. Mrs. Swapnali D. Gaikwad, Non-Executive Director and Mr. Chandrakant N. Dalvi, Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company became the members of the Committee w.e.f. March 29, 2023.

For & On Behalf of the Board For BVG India Limited

Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad **Chairman and Managing Director**

DIN: 01597742

Date: June 23, 2023

Place: Pune

Swapnali D. Gaikwad

Director DIN: 06972087

ANNEXURE IV

Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED: 31ST MARCH, 2023

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

To
The Members,
BVG INDIA LIMITED

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **BVG INDIA LIMITED** (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of BVG INDIA LIMITED's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31ST MARCH 2023, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed, and other records maintained by BVG INDIA LIMITED ("the Company") for the financial year ended on 31^{ST} MARCH 2023, according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under.
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under; NOT APPLICABLE
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Byelaws framed there under;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings.
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'): NOT APPLICABLE
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - **(b)** The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999;
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;

- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998;
- (vi) The compliances by the Company of applicable Direct & Indirect tax laws have not been reviewed in this audit since the same has been subject to review by the statutory financial auditor and other designated professionals. We have also not reviewed the compliances under labour and other generally applicable laws.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Stock Exchange(s), if applicable; NOT APPLICABLE

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above *subject to the observations specified in annexure to this report*.

We further report that -

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

As per the minutes of the Board duly recorded and signed by Chairman, the decisions of the Board were unanimous, and no dissenting views have been recorded.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations, and guidelines, *subject to the observations specified in annexure to this report*.

We further report that during the audit period, no specific events / actions having a major bearing on the company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc. referred to above, were noticed.

This report to be read with the annexure I and annexure II since the same forms an integral part of this report.

FOR KAILAS ASHISH & CO., COMPANY SECRETARIES

CS ASHISH JAYANT KULKARNI FCS: 7726 / CP No: 8459 UDIN: F007726E000490340

Place: Pune

Date: 23rd June, 2023

Annexure - I

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT - OBSERVATIONS

(FY 2022-2023)

To The Members, BVG INDIA LIMITED

Following observations / reservations in respect of compliances with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc.; constitution of board of directors with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors; adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines mentioned in the report have been noticed based on the secretarial audit conducted by us -

Please note that the observations / reservations mentioned in the report given by the statutory auditors are not repeated and the report of auditors shall be referred for the same.

- The Company is presently in compliance with the Secretarial Standards; however, there have been suggestions for further improvements in certain areas. The company has agreed to follow these suggestions, aiming to enhance adherence and increase compliance stringency.
- The systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the
 company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations, and
 guidelines could not be verified, especially in respect of compliances under the state / local
 laws, taking into consideration the operations of the company at multiple locations.
- The investigation under section 210 (1) (a) & (c) of the Companies Act, 2013 into the affairs of the company is being carried out by the Registrar of Companies, Pune and the company has submitted requisite responses to the registrar in writing.

FOR KAILAS ASHISH & CO. COMPANY SECRETARIES

CS ASHISH JAYANT KULKARNI FCS: 7726 / CP No: 8459 UDIN: F007726E000490340

Place: Pune

Date: 23rd June, 2023

Annexure - II

To The Members BVG INDIA LIMITED

- o Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express as opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, Rules, Regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor
 of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the
 company.

FOR KAILAS ASHISH & CO., COMPANY SECRETARIES

CS ASHISH JAYANT KULKARNI FCS: 7726 / CP No: 8459 UDIN: - F007726E000490340

Place: Pune / Date: - 23rd June, 2023

ANNEXURE V

Disclosure as per Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

Sr. No.		Particulars					
1.	Name:	Mr. Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad					
2.	Designation:	Chairman and Managing Director					
3.	Remuneration Received:	Particulars Amount (INR)					
		Gross Salary 2,25,01,803.00					
		Total Deduction as to tax 83,38,534.00					
		Other Deductions 47,500.00					
		Net Salary Received 1,41,15,769.00					
4.	Nature of Employment:	Full-time					
5.	Qualification:	Bachelor in Engineering					
6.	Experience:	More than 28 years of experience in business management and corporate planning. Epitome of managerial and financial skills.					
7.	Commencement date of Employment:	Since Incorporation (20/03/2002)					
8.	Age:	50 Years					
9.	Last Employment:	In Industrial Sector					
10.	Shareholding:	51.09%					
11.	Whether such employee is a relative of any Director or manager of the Company and if so, name of such director or manager:	Yes, Brother -in-law of Mrs. Swapnali D. Gaikwad, Non- Executive Director					

For & On Behalf of the Board For BVG India Limited

Hanmantrao R. Gaikwad Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 01597742

Swapnali D. Gaikwad

Director

DIN: 06972087

Date: June 23, 2023

Place: Pune

i, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of BVG India Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of BVG India Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (Including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, and profit, other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management report, Chairman's statement, Director's report and other information included in annual report but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, and Management report, Chairman's statement, Director's report and other information included in annual report, which is expected to be made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

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In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.



We give in "Annexure A" a detailed description of Auditor's responsibilities for Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements.

Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements of one jointly controlled entity included in the standalone financial statements of the Company whose financial information (representing the share of the Company) reflects total assets of Rs. 55.29 million as at March 31, 2023 and the total revenue of Rs. Nil for the year ended on that date, as considered in the standalone financial statements. The financial information of this joint operation is unaudited and has been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the standalone financial statement, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of joint operations, and our report in terms of sub section (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid joint operations, is based solely on such unaudited financial information.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanat knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account .
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

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- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure C".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements Refer Note 31-34 to the standalone financial statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;

iv.

- (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Parties), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, as on the date of this audit report, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, and according to the information and explanations provided to us by the Management in this regard nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) as provided under (1) and (2) above, contain any material mis-statement.
- v. final dividend paid by the Company during the year in respect of the same declared for the previous year is in accordance with section 123 of the Companies Act 2013 to the extent it applies to payment of dividend.

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The Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend. (Refer Note 15 to the Standalone financial statements).

- As proviso to rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable for the ٧i. company only w.e.f. April 1, 2023, reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- in paid the Act as the 3. In our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors is within the limits laid prescribed under Section 197 of the Act and the rules thereunder.

For M S K A & Associates **Chartered Accountants** ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Nitin Manohar Jumani Partner

Membership No. 111700 UDIN: 23111700BGWHXZ4175

Place: Pune

Date: 23 June 2023



ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BVG INDIA LIMITED

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements,
 whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk
 of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are
 also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial
 controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness
 of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

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We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with For circulation to Members for And Activities for the circulation to Members for And Activities for the circulation to Members for And Activities for the circulation to Members for Activities for the circulation to Members for Activities for the circulation to Members for the ci relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

For M S K A & Associates **Chartered Accountants** ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Nitin Manohar Jumani

Partner

Membership No. 111700

UDIN: 23111700BGWHXZ4175

Place: Pune

Date: 23 June 2023



ANNEXURE B TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BVG INDIA LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report]

i.

- (a) A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - B. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) All the Property, Plant and Equipment, Investment property and Right of use assets have not been physically verified by the management during the year but there is a regular programme of verification, which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) as disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and its intangible assets during the year. Accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988, as amended and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(i) (e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

ii.

- (a) The inventory has been physically verified during the year by the management. In our opinion, the frequency of verification, coverage & procedure of such verification is reasonable and appropriate. having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its operations. No discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventories were noticed on such physical verification of inventories.
- (b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores in aggregate from Banks on the basis of security of current assets. Quarterly returns / statements are filed with such Banks are in agreement with the books of account.

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- iii. According to the information explanation provided to us, the Company has made investment in one joint venture during the year aggregating to INR 0.02 million. The Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Hence, the requirements under paragraph 3(iii) of the Order in so far it relates to loans, advances, guarantee or security are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither, directly or indirectly, granted any loan, or provided guarantee or security to any of its directors or to any other person in whom the director is interested, in accordance with the provisions of Section 185 of the Act nor made investments through more than two layers of investment companies in accordance with the provisions of Section 186 of the Act. Accordingly, provisions stated in paragraph 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- v. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- vi. The provisions of sub-Section (1) of Section 148 of the Act are not applicable to the Company as the Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records for any of the products of the Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (vi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

vii.

(a) According to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, and other statutory dues have been regularly deposited by the Company with the appropriate authorities in all cases during the year, except instances where there have been delays in remitting provident fund, employees' state insurance and goods and service tax ranging from 1 to 306 days, 1 to 211 day and 1 to 101 days respectively.

The delays in provident fund and employees' state insurance are primarily due to non-generation of Universal Account Number ('UAN') and delays in employee registration formalities through online portal. In view of the voluminous data, same has not been disclosed separately.

(b) According to the information and explanation given to us and examination of records of the Company, details of statutory dues referred to in sub Clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2023 on account of any dispute, are as follows:

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Chartered Accountants

Name of	Nature of	Amount	Period to	Forum where	Remarks, if any
the statute	dues	demanded (in	which the	the dispute is	
		Rs. Millions)	amount	pending	
			relates		
Finance	Service	2,041.93	April 2011	Customs Excise	The Company has
Act, 1994	tax		to June	Service Tax	paid Rs. 31.65
			2017	Appellate	million under
				Tribunal	protest.
Income-tax	Income-	31.12	2013-14	Commissioner	The Company has
Act, 1961	tax			of Income-tax	paid Rs. 6.23
				(Appeals)	million as deposit
					against the said
					demand
Income-tax	Income-	1,297.87	2013-2014	Income Tax	The Company has
Act, 1961	tax		to 2019-20	Appellate	paid Rs. 437.35
			. 7	Tribunal	million as deposit
			X	8	against the said
		A	0		demand

viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transactions which are not accounted in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in Tax Assessment of the Company. Also, there are no previously unrecorded income which has been now recorded in the books of account. Hence, the provision stated in paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

ix.

- (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings or in payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information explanation provided to us, money raised by way of term loans during the year have been applied for the purpose for which they were raised.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the information explanation given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from an any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or joint ventures.

MSKA & Associates

Chartered Accountants

(f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries or joint ventures. Hence, reporting under the Clause 3(ix)(f) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

х.

- (a) In our opinion and according to the information explanation given to us, the Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully, partly, or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (x)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

xi.

- (a) Based on our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no material fraud by the Company nor on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (b) We have not come across of any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company during the course of audit of the standalone financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2023. Accordingly the provisions stated in paragraph (xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) As represented to us by the Management, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.

xii.

- (a) The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(xii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

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Chartered Accountants

xiv.

- (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered internal audit reports of the Company issued till date, for the period under audit.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion, during the year the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to Company.

xvi.

- (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (xvi)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (b)
 The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without any valid Certificate of Registration from Reserve Bank of India. Hence, the reporting under paragraph 3 (xvi)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (c) The Company is not a Core investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Hence, the reporting under paragraph 3 (xvi)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (d) The Group does not have more than one CIC as a part of its group. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (xvi)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvii. Based on the overall review of standalone financial statements, the Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (xvii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (xviii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling

MSKA & Associates **Chartered Accountants**

due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

XX. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our verification, the provisions of Section 135 of the Act are applicable to the Company. The Company has made the required contributions during the year and there are no unspent amounts which are required to be transferred either to a Fund or to a Special Account as per the provisions of Section 135 of the Act read with schedule VII. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(xx)(a) and Clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

a of included and The reporting under Clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said Clause has been included in the report.

For M S K A & Associates **Chartered Accountants** ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Nitin Manohar Jumani **Partner** Membership No.111700 UDIN: 23111700BGWHXZ4175

Place: Pune

Date: 23 June 2023



ANNEXURE C TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BVG INDIA LIMITED

[Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the Members of BVG India Limited on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of BVG India Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether

MSKA & Associates Chartered Accountants

adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With reference to Standalone Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

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Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With reference to Standalone financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control of circulation to Members for And with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For M S K A & Associates **Chartered Accountants**

ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Nitin Manohar Jumani **Partner**

Membership No.111700 UDIN: 23111700BGWHXZ4175

Place: Pune

Date: 23 June 2023

BVG India Limited Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

	Notes	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3A	1,699.95	1,607.74
Capital work-in-progress	3A	1.57	0.60
Right-of-use asset	3B	44.98	61.03
Investment property	4	70.29	71.13
Other intangible assets	5	9.65	8.91
Financial assets			
Investments	6	1.58	1.56
Other financial assets	8	419.38	499.87
Other tax assets (net)	29	774.41	400.35
Deferred Tax assets (net)	29	870.34	779.99
Other non-current assets	9	123.71	126.20
Total non-current assets	_	4,015.86	3,557.38
Current assets			
Inventories	10	102.63	1,680.77
Financial assets	· 7		
Investments	6	32.51	31.56
Trade receivables	11	9,650.43	9,106.26
Cash and cash equivalents	12	534.58	489.09
Other bank balances	13	652.27	572.00
Loans	7	5.34	5.39
Other financial assets	8	2,762.64	2,616.83
Other current assets	9	1,421.56	850.17
Total current assets	-	15,161.96	15,352.07
			10.000.15
TOTAL ASSETS	(6	19,177.82	18,909.45
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Notes	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Equity	0		
Equity share capital	14	257.10	257.10
Instruments entirely equity in nature	14	148.35	148.35
Other equity	15	9,823.41	8,635.31
Other equity Total equity	_	10,228.86	9,040.76
	_		
7,0			
• 4			
Potch			
7			

Standalone Balance Sheet (continued)

as at 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

	Notes	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	16	985.15	387.53
Lease liability	17	34.91	56.01
Provisions	18	650.28	592.04
Total non-current liabilities	_	1,670.34	1,035.58
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			(
Borrowings	16	2,983.37	3,304.03
Lease liability	17	24.71	20.33
Trade payables			7
(a) Dues of micro and small enterprises	19	133.82	65.37
(b) Dues of other than micro and small enterprises	19	1,914.94	1,392.03
Other financial liabilities	20	1,654.58	1,613.74
Contract liabilities	21	- 4	1,546.31
Other current liabilities	22	468.48	544.04
Provisions	18	55.86	49.35
Current tax liabilities (net)		42.86	297.91
Total current liabilities		7,278.62	8,833.11
Total liabilities	_	8,948.96	9,868.69
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	K 2	19,177.82	18,909.45

Summary of significant accounting policies

Notes to the financial statements

The notes referred above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 105047W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

BVG India Limited

CIN: U74999PN2002PLC016834

Nitin Manohar Jumani	Hanmantrao Gaikwad	Swapnali Gaikwad
Partner	Chairman &	Director
Membership No.: 111700	Managing Director	
	DIN: 01597742	DIN: 06972087
Y		
	Manoj Jain	Rajni Pamnani
	•	•
	Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary
	Mem. No.: 075185	Mem. No.: F-11018
Pune, June 23, 2023	Pune, June 23, 2023	

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

	Notes	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Continuing operations			
Income			
Revenue from contracts with customers Other income	23 24	23,097.03 37.35	20,309.19 51.42
	24		
Total income	i	23,134.38	20,360.61
Expenses Control materials consumed	25	2 211 65	2.004.20
Cost of materials consumed Employee benefits expense	25 26	2,211.65 14,109.46	2,004.30 11,959.92
Finance costs	27	866.69	807.68
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3A,3B,4,	234.97	236.18
Other expenses	5 28	3,823.55	3,451.20
Total expenses		21,246.32	18,459.28
·			VY
Profit before tax from continuing operations Tax expenses	29	1,888.06	1,901.33
Current tax	23	(487.46)	(432.86)
Tax relating to earlier periods [(including MAT credit of 41.72 million (PY: Nil)]		95.54	29.34
Deferred tax [including MAT credit of Nil (PY: 41.72 million)]	*	91.85	4.34
Profit from continuing operations	,	1,587.99	1,502.15
Discontinued operations			
(Loss) from discontinued operations before tax	41	(355.73)	(442.53)
Tax benefit of discontinued operations (net)	29, 41	33.20	149.12
Profit/ (loss) from discontinued operations		(322.53)	(293.41)
Profit for the year	\	1,265.46	1,208.74
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss			
Re-measurement of defined benefit plan	38	(20.10)	43.27
Income tax effect relating to above item	29	7.02	(15.12)
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)		(13.08)	28.15
Total comprehensive income for the year	,	1,252.38	1,236.89
Pot citalious			

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (continued)

for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

	Notes	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Earnings per equity share for profit from continuing operations	30		
Basic (INR)		61.17	57.86
Diluted (INR)		59.60	56.38
Earnings per equity share for profit from discontinued operations	30		
Basic (INR)		(12.42)	(11.30)
Diluted (INR) (restricted to basic, if antidilutive)		(12.42)	(11.30)
Earnings per equity share for profit from continuing and discontinued operations	30		
Basic (INR)		48.75	46.56
Diluted (INR)		47.18	45.08
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		
Notes to the financial statements	3-49		
The notes referred above form an integral part of the financial statements			

As per our report of even date attached

For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 105047W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of BVG India Limited

CIN: U74999PN2002PLC016834

Nitin Manohar Jumani

Partner

Membership No.: 111700

Hanmantrao Gaikwad

Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 01597742

DIN: 06972087

Director

Swapnali Gaikwad

Manoj Jain

Chief Financial Officer Mem. No.: 075185

Pune, June 23, 2023

Rajni Pamnani

Company Secretary Mem. No.: F-11018

Pune, June 23, 2023

Standalone Cash Flow Statement

for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

Α	Cash flows from operating activities	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Net profit before tax		
	Continuing operations	1,888.06	1,901.33
	Discontinued operations	(355.73)	(442.53)
	Profit before tax including discontinued operations	1,532.33	1,458.80
	Adjustments :	1,552.55	1,430.00
	•	224.07	226.54
	Depreciation and amortization	234.97	236.54
	Provision for doubtful debts (ECL)	405.49	595.54
	Interest income	(27.96)	(34.32)
	Finance cost	866.69	807.68
	Operating Profit before working capital changes	3,011.52	3,064.24
	Movements in working capital :		
	(Increase) / decrease in inventories	1,578.14	13.46
	(Increase) / decrease in trade receivables	(949.66)	(952.15)
	(Increase) / decrease in loans	5.64	(31.43)
	(Increase) / decrease in other financial assets	(21.00)	606.23
	(Increase) / decrease in other assets	(58.75)	(165.10)
	(Increase) / decrease in margin money deposits	(123.53)	(115.62)
	Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	591.36	240.77
	Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities	30.23	79.33
	Increase / (decrease) in other current liabilities	(75.56)	(152.52)
	Increase / (decrease) in contract liabilities	(1,546.31)	38.94
	Increase / (decrease) in provisions	44.65	111.79
	Working capital changes	(524.79)	(326.30)
	Cash generated from operations Direct taxes paid (net of tax deducted at source and MAT credit utilisation), net of refunds	2,486.73 (979.32)	2,737.94 (483.79)
В	Net cash flows from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities	1,507.41	2,254.15
	Purchase of fixed assets (tangible and intangible fixed assets, capital work-in-	(821.64)	(83.79)
	progress, intangible assets under development)	,	. ,
	Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	-	0.05
	Purchase of non current investments	(0.97)	(1.32)
	Net proceeds / (payment) for asset held for sale		62.45
	(Investment in) / maturity of bank deposits (having original maturity of more than three months) (net)	(1.06)	98.95
	Interest received	22.37	62.39
	Net cash used in investing activities	(801.30)	138.73
С	Cash flows from financing activities		
	Proceeds from long term borrowings (Net)	842.62	124.63
	Repayment of Long term borrowings	(241.83)	(249.44)
	Proceeds from short term borrowings (net)	(320.66)	(1,529.84)
	Proceeds on account of leases	(27.58)	(27.42)
	Dividends paid / returns	(64.28)	(Z,.4Z)
	Interest paid	(848.90)	(813.74)
	Net cash used in financing activities	(660.63)	(2,495.81)

BVG India Limited Standalone Cash Flow Statement for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Net Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	45.48	(102.93)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	489.09	592.02
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	534.57	489.09
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	0.20	0.22
Cheques in hand	507.91	445.08
Balances with banks:		
On current accounts (includes unclaimed dividend of 2019 INR 0.80	11.56	26.32
million)		(<u>A</u> Y
Debit balances in cash credit accounts	14.91	17.47
Total cash and cash equivalents (also refer note 12)	534.58	489.09

Summary of significant accounting policies
Notes to the financial statements

The notes referred above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 105047W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of BVG India Limited

CIN: U74999PN2002PLC016834

Nitin Manohar Jumani

Partner

Membership No.: 111700

Hanmantrao Gaikwad Chairman &

3-49

Managing Director DIN: 01597742

Swapnali Gaikwad

Director

DIN: 06972087

Manoj Jain

Chief Financial Officer Mem. No.: 075185

Pune, June 23, 2023

Rajni Pamnani

Company Secretary Mem. No.: F-11018

Pune, June 23, 2023

Statement of Changes in Equity

for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

A. Equity share capital	Notes
Balance as on 1 April 2021	257.10
Changes in equity share capital during 2021-22	- 14
Balance as on 31 March 2022	257.1

Balance as on 31 March 2022 Changes in equity share capital during 2022-23 Balance as on 31 March 2023 257.10

B. Instruments entirely equity in nature

Compulsorily convertible preference shares ('CCPS')

Balance as on 1 April 2021		~~	148.35
Changes in equity share capital during 2021-22	14		Y -
Balance as on 31 March 2022			148.35
Changes in equity share capital during 2022-23	14		-
Balance as on 31 March 2023	A		148.35

C. Other equity

C. Other equity						
	of con fina	omponent npound incial ument	Reserves a	nd Surplus Retained earnings	Other comprehensive income - Remeasurement of defined benefit plan	Total
Balance at 1 April 2021	<u> </u>	4.20	1,672.40	5,837.80	(115.98)	7,398.42
Profit for the year		-	-	1,208.74	-	1,208.74
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		· -	- ^	-	28.15	28.15
Balance at 31 March 2022	~ O'	4.20	1,672.40	7,046.54	(87.83)	8,635.31
Profit for the year		-	√- √'	1,265.46	-	1,265.46
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		-	403	-	(13.08)	(13.08)
Dividend on equity shares		-	<i>N</i> -	(64.28)	-	(64.28)
Balance as on 31 March 2023		4.20	1,672.40	8,247.72	(100.91)	9,823.42

Summary of significant accounting policies

2

Notes to the financial statements

3-49

The notes referred above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 105047W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

BVG India Limited

CIN: U74999PN2002PLC016834

Nitin Manohar Jumani

Partner

Membership No.: 111700

Hanmantrao Gaikwad

Chairman &

Managing Director

DIN: 01597742

Swapnali Gaikwad

Director

DIN: 06972087

Manoj Jain

Chief Financial Officer Mem. No.: 075185

Pune, June 23, 2023

Rajni Pamnani Company Secretary

Mem. No.: F-11018

Pune, June 23, 2023

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

1 The corporate overview

BVG India Limited ('BVG' or 'the Company') was incorporated on 20 March 2002 as Bharat Vikas Utility Services Limited. The name of the Company was subsequently changed to BVG India Limited on 7 July 2004.

The registered office of the Company is in Pune. The Company is engaged in the business of integrated facility management services, including mechanized housekeeping, transportation, manpower supply, and other specialised services such as solid waste management, emergency medical services, emergency police services, etc.

The Company also undertakes various projects for garden development, landscaping, beautification projects, solar EPC contracts and other turnkey contracts.

The Corporate Identification Number (CIN) of the Company is U74999PN2002PLC016834. The standalone financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of directors on 23 June 2023.

2 Significant accounting policies

Significant accounting policies adopted by the company are as under:

2.1 Basis of preparation

a. Statement of Compliance with Ind AS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

2.2 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on accrual basis, except for the following material items that have been measured on an alternative basis on each reporting date:

Items	Measurement basis
Certain non-derivative financial	instruments at Fair value
fair value through profit or loss	
Assets held for sale	Lower of carrying value as per the respective Ind AS and Fair value less cost to sell
Defined benefit plan assets	Fair value

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded-off to the nearest million, as per the requirements of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

2.4 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimate and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date, reported amount of revenue and expenses for the year and disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon the Management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates, if any, are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in relevant notes.

The areas involving critical estimates and judgements are:

- Estimation of current tax expense and payable Note 29
- Estimation of defined benefit obligation Note 38
- Leases: Arrangement containing a lease Note 37
- Recognition of deferred tax assets/liabilities and MAT credit entitlement Note 29
- Impairment of financial assets –Note 11 and 43
- Impairment of intangibles assets under development Note 5
- Valuation of financial liability Note 18
- Property, plant and equipment: useful lives and residual values Note 3, 4 and 6

2.5 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification.

An asset as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.

Operating cycle

Based on the nature of services and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle for its facility and project businesses to be less than 12 months for the purpose of current – non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2.6 Property, plant and equipment

• Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation and/or accumulated impairment loss, if any. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and other non-refundable taxes or levies and any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use; any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction of a qualifying asset are capitalised as part of the cost

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Property, plant and equipment under construction are disclosed as 'Capital work-in-progress'.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each reporting date are disclosed under 'Other non-current assets'.

• Subsequent expenditure

The cost of replacing a part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Disposal

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognised net within other income/ expenses in the statement of profit and loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated over the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value. Depreciation is recognised in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment as prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

Freehold land is not depreciated. Acquired assets consisting of leasehold improvements are recorded at acquisition cost and amortised on straight-line basis based over the leased term of 9 years.

The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

Depreciation on addition to property plant and equipment is provided on pro-rata basis from the date of acquisition. Depreciation on sale/deduction from property plant and equipment is provided up to the date preceding the date of sale, deduction as the case may be. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in Statement of Profit and Loss under 'Other Income' / 'Other Expenses'.

The useful lives are reviewed by the management at each financial year-end and revised, if appropriate. In case of a revision, the unamortised depreciable amount is charged over the revised remaining useful life.

2.7 Investment properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

The cost includes the cost of replacing parts and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of the investment property are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized as profit or loss as incurred.

The Company depreciates investment property over 86 years from the date of original purchase

Though the Company measures investment property using cost-based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined based on an annual evaluation performed by an accredited external independent valuer applying a valuation model.

Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

2.8 Goodwill

Goodwill represents the future economic benefits arising from a business combination that are not individually identified and separately recognised. Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Refer Note 2.10 for description of impairment testing procedures.

2.9 Other Intangible assets

• Recognition and measurement

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

Intangible assets are recognised when the asset is identifiable, is within the control of the Company, it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and cost of the asset can be reliably measured.

Intangible assets acquired by the Company that have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets with finite lives are assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

• Subsequent measurement

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

• Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated over the cost of the asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value. Amortisation is recognised in statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets from the date that they are available for use, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset.

The estimated useful life for current and comparative periods is 3 years.

2.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset or cash generating unit (CGU) may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal or its value in use. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are considered.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

2.11 Assets classified as held for sale and discontinued operations

The Company classifies non-current assets (or disposal group) as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale rather than through continuing use.

The criteria for held for sale classification is regarded met only when the assets (or disposal group) are available for immediate sale in its present condition, subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such assets (or disposal group), the sale is highly probable; and it will genuinely be sold, not abandoned. The Company treats sale of the asset (or disposal group) to be highly probable when:

- The appropriate level of management is committed to a plan to sell the asset (or disposal group),
- An active programmed to locate a buyer and complete the plan has been initiated (if applicable)
- The asset (or disposal group) is being actively marketed for sale at a price that is reasonable in relation to its current fair value,
- The sale is expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification, and
- Actions required to complete the plan indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn.

Non-current assets (or disposal group) held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and the fair value less costs to sell. Assets and liabilities (or disposal group) classified as held for sale are presented separately in the Balance sheet.

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets once classified as held for sale are not depreciated or amortized.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale and the assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale are presented separately from the other assets in the balance sheet. The liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale are presented separately from the other liabilities in the balance sheet.

A discontinued operation is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. The results of discontinued operations are presented separately in statement of profit or loss.

2.12 Joint arrangements

Under Ind AS 111, Joint Arrangements, investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures. The classification depends on the contractual rights and obligations of each investor rather than the legal structure of the joint arrangement. The Company has only joint operations.

The Company recognises its direct right to the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of joint operations and its share of any jointly held or incurred assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. These have been incorporated in the financial statements under the appropriate headings. Details of the joint operation are set out in note 6 – Investments.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

2.13 Inventories

Inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the basis of weighted average method and includes expenditure in acquiring the inventories and bringing them to the present location and condition.

Cost comprises of purchase cost, duties and other direct expenses incurred in bringing the inventory to the present location and condition.

Provision of obsolescence on inventories is considered on the basis of management's estimate based on demand and market of the inventories.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The comparison of cost and net realizable value is made on item by item basis.

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash in banks and short-term deposits net of bank overdraft.

2.15 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts included in revenue are net of returns, trade allowances, rebates, Goods and Service Tax and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue from contract with customer is recognized, when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer, at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company is expected to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria in order to determine if it is acting as principal or agent. The Company concluded that it is acting as a principal in all of its revenue arrangements. The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before revenue is recognized.

Revenue is recognised as follows:

Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods in the course of ordinary activities is recognized when control of the goods has been transferred, being when the goods are delivered to the customer and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from the sale of the goods and regarding its collection.

Rendering of services

Revenue on service/maintenance contracts is recognized on straight-line basis over the period of the contract on performance of the services.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

• Revenue from Rural Electrification ('RE') contracts

The Company recognizes revenue at the transaction price which is determined on the basis of agreement entered into with or letter of intent issued by the customer. Revenue from RE contracts is recognized at the point in time, when the control of the asset is transferred to the customer, which generally coincides with the receipt of Certificate of work completion. Until the time the control of the asset is transferred to the customer, the cost incurred to date in respect of such contracts is accounted as 'Work in progress'.

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognized when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the control of the asset is transferred to the customer. A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

2.16 Interest income

Interest income is recognised using effective interest rate method (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

2.17 Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transactions. Exchange differences arising on foreign exchange transactions settled during the year are recognised in the statement of profit and loss of the year.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies which are outstanding, as at the reporting period are translated at the closing exchange rates and the resultant exchange differences are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured in terms of historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

2.18 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service. These benefits include salaries and wages, bonus and compensated absences. The undiscounted amount of short-term employee services is recognised as an expense as the related service is rendered by the employees.

Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays specified contributions to a separate entity (regulatory authority) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay any further amounts. The Company makes specified monthly contribution towards

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

employee provident fund scheme and employees' state insurance scheme the regulatory authorities. The Company's contribution is recognised as an employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Defined benefit plans

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan, the present value of the obligation under which is determined based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method, which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plans, is based on the market yields on government securities as at the reporting date, having maturity periods approximating to the terms of related obligations.

Re-measurement of the net defined benefit liability, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through other comprehensive income (OCI) in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to the statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods.

In case of funded plans, the fair value of the plan's assets is reduced from the gross obligation under the defined benefit plans, to recognise the obligation on net basis.

The liability for gratuity with respect to certain staff and workers is funded annually through a gratuity fund maintained with the Life Insurance Corporation of India.

When the benefits of the plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefits that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises gains/ losses on settlement of a defined plan when the settlement occurs.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed within 12 months from the end of the year are treated as short term employee benefits. The obligation towards the same is measured at the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement as at the year end.

The Company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond 12 months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the year end. The Company presents the leave as a current liability in the balance sheet as it does not have an unconditional right to defer its utilisation for 12 months after the reporting date.

The Company's liability is determined on actual basis at the end of each year.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

2.19 Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity share capital. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.20 Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as a lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right of use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

• Company as lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset is classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership transfer from the Company to the lessee. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the Company's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.

2.21 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

2.22 Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

Current tax

Current tax or liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the country where the Company operates and generates taxable income. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set it off the recognised amounts and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in a year is charged to the statement of profit and loss as current tax. The Company recognises MAT credit available as an asset only to the extent that there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. The Company reviews the MAT credit entitlement at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent the Company does not have convincing evidence that it will pay normal tax during the specified period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet method on temporary differences between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;
- Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

 When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity.

Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

In the situations where the Company is entitled to a tax holiday under the Income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India or tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where it operates, no deferred tax (asset or liability) is recognised in respect of temporary differences which reverse during the tax holiday period, to the extent the Company's gross total income is subject to the deduction during the tax holiday period. Deferred tax in respect of timing differences which reverse after the tax holiday period is recognized in the year in which the timing differences originate. However, the Company restricts recognition of deferred tax assets to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. For recognition of deferred taxes, the temporary differences which originate first are considered to reverse first.

2.23 Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost in the statement of profit and loss.

Contingent liability is disclosed in case of

- a present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation.
- present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible
- a possible obligation arising from past events where the probability of outflow of resources is not remote.

Contingent asset is not recognised in the financial statements. A contingent asset is disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

2.24 Earnings per share ('EPS')

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Company's earnings per share is the net profit or loss for the year after deducting preference dividends and any attributable tax thereto for the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year and for all the years presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.25 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset considers a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

To fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities based on the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

2.26 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

- a) Financial assets
- i. Initial recognition and measurement: At initial recognition, financial asset is measured at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.
- ii. Subsequent measurement: For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:
 - at amortized cost; or
 - at fair value through other comprehensive income; or
 - at fair value through profit or loss.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

<u>Amortised cost</u>: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method (EIR).

<u>Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)</u>: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to Statement of Profit and Loss and recognized in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

<u>Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)</u>: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

<u>Equity instruments</u>: All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument- by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.

iii. Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost and FVOCI.

For recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in subsequent years, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12 months ECL.

Lifetime ECLs are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12 months ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the year end.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider all contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension etc.) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.

In general, it is presumed that credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition if the payment is more than 30 days past due.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the year is recognized as income/expense in the statement of profit and loss. In balance sheet ECL for financial assets measured at amortized cost is presented as an allowance, i.e. as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by 'Ind AS 109 - Financial instruments', which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

- iv. Derecognition of financial assets: A financial asset is derecognized only when:
 - a. the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset is transferred or
 - b. retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.
 - c. Where the financial asset is transferred then in that case financial asset is derecognized only if substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset is transferred. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognized.

b) Financial liabilities

 Initial recognition and measurement: Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and at amortized cost, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

ii. Subsequent measurement: The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

iii. Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance costs.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

c) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

2.27 Cash dividend to equity holders

The Company recognises a liability to make cash distributions to equity holders when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

2.28 Convertible preference shares

Convertible preference shares are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of the contract.

On issuance of the convertible preference shares, the fair value of the liability portion of a compulsorily convertible preference shares is determined using a market interest rate for an equivalent non-convertible bonds. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortised cost basis until extinguished on conversion or redemption of the bonds. The remainder of the proceeds is attributable to the equity portion of the compound instrument since it meets Ind AS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation, criteria for fixed to fixed classification. Transaction costs are deducted from equity, net of associated income tax. The carrying amount of the conversion option is not subsequently re-measured.

Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and equity components of the convertible preference shares based on the allocation of proceeds to the liability and equity components when the instruments are initially recognized.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

2.29 Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Company's other components, and for which discrete financial information is available. All operating segments' operating results are reviewed regularly by the Company's Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segments and assess their performance.

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Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements *(continued)* for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

3A. Property, plant and equipment and Capital work-in-progress

	Land- Freehold	Leasehold	Buildings	Office equipment	Plant and	Computers &	Furniture and	Vehicles	Total (A)	Capital work-in-	Total (A+B)
		Improvements			equipment	peripherals	fixtures		~ //	progress (B)	
Gross carrying amount									7		
Balance as at 1 April 2021	25.51	29.30	431.42	45.09	1,292.59	77.93	30.74	548.61	2,481.19	2.20	2,483.39
Additions / (capitalisation)	-	-	-	3.75	138.16	17.23	4.53	62.56	226.23	(1.60)	224.63
Disposals during the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	0.91	0.91	-	0.91
Balance as at 31 March 2022	25.51	29.30	431.42	48.84	1,430.75	95.16	35.27	610.26	2,706.51	0.60	2,707.11
Balance as at 1 April 2022	25.51	29.30	431.42	48.84	1,430.75	95.16	35.27	610.26	2.706.51	0.60	2,707.11
Additions / (capitalisation)	-	-	_	3.16	201.17	14.20	3.02	82.17	303.72	0.97	304.69
Disposals / adjustments during the year	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	4 7	-	-	_
Balance as at 31 March 2023	25.51	29.30	431.42	52.00	1,631.92	109.36	38.29	692.43	3,010.23	1.57	3,011.80
				• , (7		O_{λ}				
Accumulated depreciation				×^	,		. /				
Balance as at 1 April 2021	-	6.88	72.55	31.64	528.97	63.15	14.40	183.68	901.27	-	901.27
Charge for the year	=	6.31	14.36	5.60	96.69	8.96	3.00	63.44	198.36	-	198.36
Disposals during the year		-	- ,	Q Y -	-	-\		0.86	0.86		0.86
Balance as at 31 March 2022		13.19	86.91	37.24	625.66	72.11	17.40	246.26	1,098.77	-	1,098.77
Balance as at 1 April 2022	-	13.19	86.91	37.24	625.66	72.11	17.40	246.26	1.098.77	-	1.098.77
Charge for the year	_	6.31	14.36	4.45	102.58	9.90	2.81	71.10	211.51	_	211.51
Disposals during the year	_	-	A	-	A. c		-	-		_	
Balance as at 31 March 2023		19.50	101.27	41.69	728.24	82.01	20.21	317.36	1,310.28	-	1,310.28
Net block											
As at 31 March 2022	25.51	16.11	344.51	11.60	805.09	23.05	17.87	364.00	1,607.74	0.60	1,608.34
As at 31 March 2023	25.51	9.80	330.15	10.31	903.68	27.35	18.08	375.07	1,699.95	1.57	1,701.52

Note

(ii) The Company has acquired certain plant and equipment, office equipment, computers and peripherals and vehicles under finance lease arrangement. The total minimum future lease payments at the Balance Sheet date is equal to the fair value of the assets acquired. The net carrying amount of such assets as on 31 March 2023 is INR 19.69 million (31 March 2022: 22.36 million)

(a) Capital-work-in progress (CWIP) ageing schedule

CWIP		Amount in CWIP for a period of					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years			
Projects in progress			117				
As at 31 March 2022	-	0.60	-	-	0.60		
As at 31 March 2023	1.57	-	-	-	1.57		

The above projects are not overdue for completion and are expected to be completed in next financial year

⁽i) Refer note 16 for details of Property, plant and equipment pledged and hypothecated as security for borrowings.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued) as at 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

3B. Right-of-use asset

	Building	Total (A)
Gross carrying amount		
Balance as at 1 April 2021	126.09	126.09
Additions*	-	VA12
Disposals during the year	8.15	8.15
Balance as at 31 March 2022	117.94	117.94
	<u> </u>	>
Balance as at 1 April 2022	117.94	117.94
Additions*	3.68	3.68
Balance as at 31 March 2023	121.62	121.62
X	X	
Accumulated depreciation	& O Y	
Balance as at 1 April 2021	37.47	37.47
Charge for the year*	19.44	19.44
Balance as at 31 March 2022	56.91	56.91
\sim \circ		
Balance as at 1 April 2022	56.91	56.91
Charge for the year*	19.73	19.73
Balance as at 31 March 2023		76.64
Net block	,	
As at 31 March 2022	61.03	61.03
As at 31 March 2023	44.98	44.98
*Also refer Note 37		

^{*}Also refer Note 37

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements *(continued)* as at 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

4. Investment property

		Investment
		Property
Gross carrying amount		
Balance as at 1 April 2021		74.20
Additions		-
Balance as at 31 March 2022		74.20
Balance as at 1 April 2022		74.20
Additions		74.20
Balance as at 31 March 2023		74.20
balance as at 31 Warth 2023		74.20
Accumulated depreciation		λ
Balance as at 1 April 2021	✓	2.24
Charge for the year	1	0.83
Balance as at 31 March 2022		3.07
	XX	
Balance as at 1 April 2022		3.07
Charge for the year	16 x	0.84
Balance as at 31 March 2023	C. Or	3.91
Carrying amount (net)		
As at 31 March 2022	~ O'	71.13
As at 31 March 2023		70.29
Fair value		
As at 31 March 2022		79.91
As at 31 March 2023		84.91

The above property has been acquired under a finance lease arrangement. The lease term of the arrangement is for the major economic life of the asset.

Measurement of fair values

Fair value hierarchy

Investment property comprises of commercial property for the purpose of leasing out to third parties.

The fair value of investment property has been determined by an external independent valuer, having appropriate recognised professional qualifications and experience in the location and category of property being valued. The fair value measurement for the investment property has been categorised as a Level 2 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used.

Valuation technique

The valuation is based on government rates, market research, market trend and comparable values as considered appropriate.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements *(continued)* as at 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

5. Goodwill, Other intangible assets Intangible assets under development

	So	ftware	Goodwill	Total
Gross carrying amount				
Balance as at 1 April 2021		99.93	68.89	168.82
Additions		3.52	-	3,52
Balance as at 31 March 2022		103.45	68.89	172.34
Balance as at 1 April 2022		103.45	68.89	172.34
Additions		4.07	-	4.07
Balance as at 31 March 2023		107.52	68.89	176.41
Accumulated amortisation				/*
Balance as at 1 April 2021		76.63	68.89	145.52
Charge for the year		17.91	00.05	17.91
Balance as at 31 March 2022		94.54	68.89	163.43
	A 0 3	(XO Y COLOR	
Balance as at 1 April 2022		94.54	68.89	163.43
Charge for the year		3.33	-	3.33
Balance as at 31 March 2023	<i></i>	97.87	68.89	166.76
Net block		, Y		
As at 31 March 2022	(6)	8.91	-	8.91
As at 31 March 2023	NY	9.65	-	9.65
As at 31 March 2023	70 Y			
	<i>y</i>			
EO1				

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

6. Investments

6. Investments		
Non-mark	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Non-current Investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Non-trade investments in equity instruments (unquoted)		
- Rupee Co-operative Bank Limited	0.03	0.03
1,000 (2022: 1,000) equity shares of Rs. 25 each fully paid		
- Saraswat Co-operative Bank Limited	0.03	0.03
1,000 (2022: 1,000) equity shares of Rs. 25 each fully paid		
- Thane Janta Sahakari Bank Limited	0.00*	0.00*
10 (2022: 10) equity shares of Rs. 50 each fully paid - BVG Krystal Joint Venture (refer note 'b' below)	_	_
- The Cosmos Co-Operative Bank Limited		
10,000 (2022: 10,000) equity shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid	1.00	1.00
Investments measured at amortised cost (unquoted)		
Investments in Government or trust securities		
- National Saving Certificates	0.00*	0.00*
Investments measured at cost (Unquoted)		
Investments in equity instruments of joint venture		A VY
- BVG-UKSAS EMS Private Limited	0.05	0.05
4,900 (2022: 4,900) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid		
- Jhamtani Prosumers Solar Private Limited 2,100 (2022: NIL) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.02	-
		Y
Investments in equity instruments of subsidiary	Ω'_{κ}	0.07
- BVG Kshitij Waste Management Services Private Limited 7,400 (2022: 7,400) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.07	0.07
- Out-of-Home Media (India) Private Limited		-
36,599,062 (2022: 36,599,062) equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid	(0)	
- BVG Skill Academy	0.26	0.26
25,500 (2022: 25,500) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	5	
- BVG-UKSAS (SPV) Private Limited	0.07	0.07
7,400 (2022: 7,400) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid - BVG Security Services Private Limited	0.05	0.05
5,100 (2022: 5,100) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.03	0.03
5/200 (2022: 5)200/ equity shales 5: 10: 20 each api, pand	1.58	1.56
Current Investments in mutual fund at fair value through profit and loss (Quoted)		
Investments in Mutual Funds		
- Union Corporate Bond Fund Regular Plan - Growth	32.51*	31.56*
2,523,151 (2022: 2,523,151) units with Net Asset Value of Rs. 12.8829 each (2022: 12.5081)		
	32.51	31.56
Total investments =	34.09	33.12
Aggregate value of unquoted investments	1.58	1.56
Aggregate value of quoted investments	32.51	31.56*
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	1.90	1.90
Investments measured at cost	0.52	0.50
Investments measured at amortised cost	-	-
Investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	1.06	1.06
Investments measured at fair value through profit and loss	32.51	31.56

^{*} Since denominated in INR million

a) Equity shares designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income

 $The above amounts \ represent the \ fair \ values \ of \ the \ designated \ investments \ as \ at \ the \ respective \ reporting \ dates.$

b) Investment in BVG Krystal Joint Venture

BVG Krystal Joint Venture (BVG Krystal) is a joint arrangement in which the Company has a right of 51% share in profits. BVG Krystal is a partnership firm registered on 2 June 2009, having its principal place of business at Mumbai. The firm was set up for providing all types of security solutions, including supply of security personnel, protection of property, house-keeping and all other relevant and incidental work.

Based on the nature of arrangement, it has been treated as a jointly controlled operation in these standalone financial statements. The following table summarises the financial information of BVG Krystal.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

6.	Investments	(continued)
٠.		(00

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Share in profits (%)	51%	51%
Non current assets	28.89	28.89
Current Assets		
Trade receivables	79.51	79.51
Cash and cash equivalents	0.01	0.01
Current Liabilities		
Trade payables	(108.55)	(108.56)
Net Assets	(0.13)	(0.15)
Company's share of net assets of joint operation	(0.07)	(0.07)
7. Loans		
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Current		
Loans and advances to employees	5.34	5.39
	5.34	F 20
	5.54	5.39
Note: Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is d	isclosed in note 42.	λ
8. Other financial assets		
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
		Y
<u>Non-current</u>		
Security deposits	102.81	93.50
Deposits (including Margin money) with banks (with remaining maturity more than twelve months)	71.67	27.35
Retention money	253.19	387.31
Less: Loss allowance	(8.29)	(8.29)
C. V	419.38	499.87
<u>Current</u>		
\sim	, 7	
Security and earnest money deposits		
Considered good	104.02	174.25
Considered doubtful	10.88	
	114.90	174.25
Provision for doubtful deposits	(10.88)	
	104.02	174.25
Lease receivables	80.71	138.03
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	13.32	7.73
Unbilled revenue	2,258.39	2,033.49
Retention money	306.20	263.33
	2,762.64	2,616.83
Note: Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is d	isslessed in note 42	

Note: Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclosed in note 42.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

9. Other Assets (Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Non-current (7 (
Capital advances (Refer note 31) Balances with government authorities	25.68 66.49	22.32
Other loans and advances	31.54	72.26 31.62
Other Idalis and advances		
	123.71	126.20
Current		
Advances for supply of goods and services	608.93	553.78
Capital advances (Refer note 31) Other loans and advances	659.61	152.82
Other Idalis and advances	153.02 1,421.56	143.57 850.17
	1,545.27	976.37
	1,543.27	370.37
10. Inventories		
At lower of cost and net realisable value		A
Stores and spares	102.63	104.72
Work in Progress relating to discontinued operations		1,576.05
	102.63	1,680.77
11. Trade receivables		
Trade receivables (unsecured)	, ,	
Considered good	9,650.43	9,106.26
Balances which have significant increase in credit risk	2,450.16	2,284.34
	12,100.59	11,390.60
Provision for Expected credit loss	(2,450.16)	(2,284.34)
Net trade receivables	9,650.43	9,106.26
Note:	.,	
(i) Refer note 36 for amounts due from related parties.		
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose	ed in Note 44.	
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose	ed in Note 44.	
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars	d in Note 44.	
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment)	d in Note 44.	
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars	d in Note 44.	4,856.37
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good		4,856.37 907.53
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years	4,238.16 620.60 177.77	907.53 835.56
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39	907.53 835.56 2,491.30
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years	4,238.16 620.60 177.77	907.53 835.56
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years More than 3 years	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00 1,524.86	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29 777.81
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00 1,524.86 1,845.97	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29 777.81
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00 1,524.86 1,845.97	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29 777.81
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00 1,524.86 1,845.97	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29 777.81
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00 1,524.86 1,845.97	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29 777.81
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 years 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years More than 3 years More than 3 years	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00 1,524.86 1,845.97	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29 777.81 1,086.33
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00 1,524.86 1,845.97 458.35 765.27 551.09 1,566.82 3,341.53	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29 777.81 1,086.33
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00 1,524.86 1,845.97 458.35 765.27 551.09 1,566.82 3,341.53	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29 777.81 1,086.33
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 1-2 years	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00 1,524.86 1,845.97 458.35 765.27 551.09 1,566.82 3,341.53	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29 777.81 1,086.33
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00 1,524.86 1,845.97 458.35 765.27 551.09 1,566.82 3,341.53	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29 777.81 1,086.33
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00 1,524.86 1,845.97 458.35 765.27 551.09 1,566.82 3,341.53	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29 777.81 1,086.33
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00 1,524.86 1,845.97 458.35 765.27 551.09 1,566.82 3,341.53 13.20 43.19 53.41 494.39 604.19	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29 777.81 1,086.33 15.51 15.51
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00 1,524.86 1,845.97 458.35 765.27 551.09 1,566.82 3,341.53 13.20 43.19 53.41 494.39	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29 777.81 1,086.33
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose Particulars (Outstanding from due date of payment) (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years	4,238.16 620.60 177.77 1,272.39 6,308.92 222.19 49.92 49.00 1,524.86 1,845.97 458.35 765.27 551.09 1,566.82 3,341.53 13.20 43.19 53.41 494.39 604.19	907.53 835.56 2,491.30 9,090.76 153.03 71.20 84.29 777.81 1,086.33

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

12. Cash and cash equivalents	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Cash on hand Cheques in hand	0.20 507.91	0.22 445.08
Balances with banks: On current accounts (includes unclaimed dividend of INR 0.80 million (2022: INR 0.80 million)) Debit balances in cash credit accounts	11.56 14.91	26.32 17.47
13. Other bank balances	534.58	489.09
Margin money deposits with original maturity more than three months and remaining maturity less than twelve months	540.25	461.04
On deposit account with original maturity more than three months and remaining maturity less than twelve months	112.02	110.96
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Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued) for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
14. Equity share capital		
Authorized: Equity share capital		
32,164,861 (2022: 32,164,861) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	321.65	321.65
Preference share capital 14,835,139 (2022: 14,835,139) compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares ('CCPS') of Rs. 10 each	148.35	148.35
	470.00	470.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up: A. Equity share capital 25,710,388 (2022: 25,710,388) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	257.10	257.10
B. Instruments entirely equity in nature Preference share capital 14,835,139 (2022: 14,835,139) compulsorily CCPS of Rs. 10 each	148.35	148.35
17,000,100 (2022: 17,000,100) compaisonly col 5 01 h3. 10 each	405.45	405.45

14.1 Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

	31 March	2023	31 March	2022
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
A. Equity share capital				
At the beginning of the year	2,57,10,388	257.10	2,57,10,388	257.10
Shares issued during the year	,	-	_	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	2,57,10,388	257.10	2,57,10,388	257.10
B. Instruments entirely equity in nature (also refer note 14.3 below)		~	,	
Preference share capital				
At the beginning of the year	1,48,35,139	148.35	1,48,35,139	148.35
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,48,35,139	148.35	1,48,35,139	148.35

14.2 Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The Board of Directors, in their meeting on 23 June 2023, proposed a final dividend of INR 2.50 per equity share (2022: INR 2.50). The proposal is subject to the approval of shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

14.3 Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to preference shares (Instruments entirely equity in nature)

The Compulsory Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares (CCPS) that were privately placed with Strategic Investments FM (Mauritius) B Limited and Strategic Investments FM (Mauritius) Alpha Limited are convertible into equity shares of the Company, at a predetermined rate pursuant to the Investment Agreement. The holders of CCPS shall be entitled to an annual per share dividend equal to 0.001% of the consideration paid for the preference shares. The preference shareholders are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company on any resolutions of the Company directly affecting their rights. In the event of winding up, preference shareholders have a preferential right over equity shareholders to be repaid to the extent of capital paid-up and dividend in arrears on such shares.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued) for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

14.4 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares is set out below:

Name of the shareholder	31 March	2023	31 March 2022		
	No. of shares	% held	No. of shares	% held	
A. Equity share capital					
Hanmantrao Gaikwad	1,31,36,112	51.09%	1,33,43,912	51.90%	
Umesh Mane	17,49,092	6.80%	17,49,092	6.80%	
Strategic Investments FM (Mauritius) Alpha Ltd.	56,28,249	21.89%	56,28,249	21.89%	
Strategic Investments FM (Mauritius) B Ltd.	12,87,781	5.01%	12,87,781	5.01%	
B. Instruments entirely equity in nature					
Preference share capital					
Strategic Investments FM (Mauritius) Alpha Ltd.	1,20,72,804	81.38%	1,20,72,804	81.38%	
Strategic Investments FM (Mauritius) B Ltd.	27,62,335	18.62%	27,62,335	18.62%	

14.5 Disclosures of Shareholdings of Promoters is set out below:

Name of the Promoter	31	March 2023			31 March 2022	
	No. of shares	% held	% change	No. of shares	% held	% change
A. Equity share capital						70
Hanmantrao Gaikwad	1,31,36,112	51.09%	-1.56%	1,33,43,912	51.90%	-0.97%
Umesh Mane	17,49,092	6.80%	0.00%	17,49,092	6.80%	-10.26%

14.6 Classification of equity shares and CCPS ('Investor shares') as financial liability:

Under the provisions of Ind AS 32 "Financial Instruments - Presentation", the issuer of a financial instrument shall classify the instrument, or its component parts, on initial recognition as a financial liability, a financial asset or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance (and not the legal form) of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial liability, a financial asset and an equity instrument.

A financial liability is defined as a liability that is a contractual obligation to deliver cash or any other financial asset or another entity.

In accordance with the Share holders' agreement, all CCPS series are cumulative, mandatorily and fully convertible. Further, with respect to the exit options available to the investors, the Company is liable to buy back all or any portion of the Investor Shares at fair market value determined by a valuer as per the investor agreement at the time of buy back, if certain conditions are not fulfilled by the Company.

Since there is an unavoidable obligation to pay cash in case of buy back of shares by the Company, these had initially been classified as a financial liability at fair value through Statement of Profit & Loss. Any directly attributable transaction cost were recognised in Statement of Profit & Loss as incurred.

Based on the addendum (vide a letter) to the shareholders agreement, the said liability was restated back to equity in the financial year 2017-18. Such addendum was further renewed vide extension letters issued at appropriate instances.

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
15. Other equity		
Faults, company of company of financial instruments		
Equity component of compound financial instrument		
As at the beginning of the year	4.20	4.20
Changes during the year	-	
As at the end of the year	4.20	4.20
General reserve		
As at the beginning of the year	1,672.40	1,672.40
Add: Transferred from surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss	1,072.40	1,072.40
	· · · · · ·	
As at the end of the year	1,672.40	1,672.40
Retained earnings		
As at the beginning of the year	7,046.54	5,837.80
Add: Net profit after tax transferred from Statement of Profit and Loss	1,265.46	1,208.74
Appropriations:		
Dividend on equity shares	(64.28)	-
Dividend distribution tax on dividend	-	-
Dividend and dividend distribution tax on preference shares	(0.00)*	(0.00)*
Balance as at the end of the year	8,247.72	7,046.54
* Since denominated in INR million		

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued) for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

As at the beginning of the year	(87.83)	(115.98)
Re-measurement of defined benefit plan	(20.10)	43.27
Income tax effect relating to above item	7.02	(15.12)
As at the end of the year	(100.91)	(87.83)
	9,823.41	8,635.31

and a 27 (15.17) (100.91) (19.13) (100.91) (19.13) (100.91) (19.13) (100.91) (19.13) (100.91)

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued) for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

16. Borrowings

-		Non-current portion		Current portion	
Long term Borrowings	3:	l March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Secured:					
Term loans:					
From banks					
in Indian Rupees (also refer notes 'a & f' below)		282.30	173.06	134.29	136.93
in Euros (also refer note 'b and f' below)		435.57	-	-	-
From other parties					
in Indian Rupees (also refer note 'c & f' below)		264.76	197.55	95.95	84.76
		982.63	370.61	230.24	221.69
Unsecured:					
Optionally convertible interest free debentures of Rs. 10 each		2.52	2.15	-	-
682,977 (2022: 682,977) (also refer note 'd')					
From other parties (also refer note 'e' and f' below)		-	14.77	14.76	20.14
		2.52	16.92	14.76	20.14
		985.15	387.53	245.00	241.83
Reclassified to short term borrowings		-	-	(245.00)	(241.83)
		985.15	387.53	-	-
Short term borrowings From banks (Secured):				6	<i>></i>
Cash credit facilities (also refer note 'g' below)				175.41	1,226.12
Loan repayable on demand (also refer note 'h' below)				2,562.96	1,836.08
Current maturities of long-term debt	. 0		_	245.00	241.83
	• 1/		(2 983 37	3 304 03

Information about the Company's exposure to Interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclosed in Note 44.

Securities

a) For term loans and current borrowings from consortium banks in Indian Rupees

- 1) The loans are from multiple banks under a consortium banking arrangement with the securities being under the charge of a security trustee Company (SBICAP trustee Company Limited). Total outstanding balance of such loans as on 31 March 2023 is 261.77 million (31 March 2022: 137.27 million). The securities offered under the said arrangement are as under:
- i) Unconditional and irrevocable personal guarantees of Hanmantrao Gaikwad and Umesh Mane.
- ii) Corporate guarantee of Aarya Agro-Bio and Herbals Private Limited.
- iii) First charge ranking pari passu on land situated at Village Bibi, Taluka Phaltan owned by company together with all buildings and structures which are standing, erected and permanently attached or shall at any time constituted be erected, standing and permanently attached thereto.
- iv) First charge ranking pari passu on all that pieces and parcels of land situated at Pandharpur owned by the Company, together with all buildings and structures which are standing, erected and permanently attached or shall at any time constituted be erected, standing and permanently attached thereto.
- v) First charge ranking pari passu on all pieces and parcels of immovable property consisting of first, second and third floor situated at Premier Plaza, Chinchwad owned by the Aarya Agro-Bio and Herbals Private Limited.
- vi) First charge ranking pari passu on all that pieces and parcels of garage & shed areas situated at Bhosari owned by Aarya Agro-Bio and Herbals Private Limited.
- vii) First charge ranking pari passu on all pieces and parcels of immovable property in Chinchwad and Shivajinagar, Pune, owned by Mr. Hanmantrao Gaikwad.
- viii) First charge ranking pari passu on agriculture land situated at Koregaon, District Satara owned by Mr. Hanmantrao Gaikwad.
- ix) Second charge on ranking pari passu on the immovable property situated at Sagar complex, Kasarwadi. x) Second charge on ranking pari passu on Company's movable fixed assets.
- 2) Long term loan from bank includes vehicle loan which is secured by way of hypothecation of vehicles. Total outstanding balance of such loans as on 31 March 2023 is 147.99 million (31 March 2022: 165.20 million).
- 3) Long term loan from bank includes property loan, which is secured by way of mortgage of property at Balewadi, Pune owned by the Company. Total outstanding balance of such loans as on 31 March 2023 is 6.83 million (31 March 2022: 7.53 million).
- 4) The term loans from banks carry interest rate ranging from 8% to 11.75% p.a. The number of monthly instalments payable for these are ranging from 1 to 90. The term loans from banks repaid during the year ended 31 March 2023 carried interest rate ranging from 8.25% to 8.90%.

b) For term loans from banks in foreign currency

1) The term loan from banks in foreign currency includes a Euro loan taken from Instituto De Credito Oficial, which is secured by way of first ranking pledge on the 500 MW module assembly line financed under this agreement. The total outstanding balance of such loan as on 31 March 2023 is 435.57 million (31 March 2022: NIL). The loan was sanctioned in the year 2022 and carries interest rate of 2.04% p.a. The six monthly instalments payable for this loans end in December 2033.

c) For term loans from others in Indian Rupees

- 1) The term loan from others include loans taken from Capital First Limited which are secured by way of first charge on ranking pari passu on the immovable property situated at Sagar complex, Kasarwadi. Total outstanding balance of such loan as on 31 March 2023 is 181.08 million (31 March 2022: 198.10 million). The loans were sanctioned in the years 2014 and 2018 and carry interest rate of 10.55% p.a. The monthly instalments payable for these loans end in December 2030.
- 2) The term loan from others include vehicle loans taken from Tata Motors Finance Limited & Tata Motors Finance Solutions Limited which is secured by of hypothecation of vehicles. The total outstanding balance of such loans as on 31 March 2023 is 179.63 million (31 March 2022: 84.21 million). The interest rate for these loans are ranging from 9.25% to 10.25% p.a. The number of monthly instalments payable for these are ranging from 21 to 61. The term loans from others repaid during the year ended 31 March 2023 carried interest rate ranging from 9% to 11%.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued) for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

16.Borrowings (continued)

d) The Company had issued 682,977 unsecured, 0% interest bearing, optionally convertible debentures (OCD) of INR 10 each. The OCDs can be converted to 682,977 equity shares of the Company.

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Opening balance	2.15	1.84
Add: Accrued interest	0.37	0.31
Carrying amount of liability as at the Balance Sheet date	2.52	2.15

e) The unsecured loan from others include term loans from Tata Motors Finance Solution Limited. Total outstanding balance of such loan as on 31 March 2023 is 14.76 million (31 March $2022: 34.91 \ million) \ . \ The \ loan \ carries \ interest \ rate \ of \ 12\% \ p.a. \ The \ number \ of \ monthly \ instalments \ payable \ for \ this \ loan \ are \ 8.$

f) Maturity profile of loans other than finance lease obligation and debentures -

				ty profile		
	Upto 1 year*	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	3-4 Years	Beyond 4 years	Total
erm loans						
as on 31 March 2023	245.00	235.44	183.85	141.42	421.91	1,227.6
as on 31 March 2022	241.83	143.22	67.68	44.00	130.48	627.2
disclosed under short term borrowing		% to 12.50% p.a. Re	efer note (a) for secu	rity provided.		200
) The working capital demand loans a	re repayable on demand	at interest rate rar	nging between 9.50%		(a) for security provide	d. The working ca
epaid during year ended 31 March 20	23 carried interest rate ra	anging from 6.95%	to 10.25%.		1	1
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^{*} disclosed under short term borrowings

h) The working capital demand loans are repayable on demand at interest rate ranging between 9.50% to 11.60%. Refer note (a) for security provided. The working capital demand loans repaid during year ended 31 March 2023 carried interest rate ranging from 6.95% to 10.25%.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued) for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

16.Borrowings (continued)

Net debt reconciliation

This section sets out an analysis of net debt and the movements in net debt for each of the periods presented

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Cash and cash equivalents	534.58	489.09
Other bank balances	723.94	599.35
Non-current borrowings	(985.15)	(387.53)
Current maturities of long term debt	(245.00)	(241.83)
Current borrowings	(2,738.37)	(3,062.20)
Accrued interest (Classified in current liabilities)	(21.16)	(10.55)
	(2,731.16)	(2,613.67)

	Current as	ssets	Liabilities from financing activities			
	Cash and cash equivalents	Other bank balances	Term loans	Unsecured loans	Other current borrowings	Total
Net debt as at 1 April 2021	592.01	582.23	(712.58)	(58.63)	(4,584.42)	(4,181.39)
Cash flows	(102.93)	17.12	109.73	21.57	1,522.23	1,567.72
Net debt as at 31 March 2022	489.08	599.35	(602.85)	(37.06)	(3,062.19)	(2,613.67)
Cash flows	45.49	124.59	(631.18)	19.78	323.83	(117.49)
Net debt as at 31 March 2023	534.57	723.94	(1,234.03)	(17.28)	(2,738.37)	(2,731.16)

Casil ilows	45.49	124.59	(031.18)	19.76	323.63	(117.49)	
Net debt as at 31 March 2023	534.57	723.94	(1,234.03)	(17.28)	(2,738.37)	(2,731.16)	
			X		.6		
(i) The Company has been sanctioned work	king capital limits in exce	ess of INR 5 crores	from banks and financial i	nstitutions during th	e year, on the bas	is of security of curre	ent assets of the
Company. The quarterly returns and stater	ments of current assets	filed by the Compa	any with banks or financia	l institutions are in a	greement with the	books of accounts.	
		21	'				
17. Lease liability		co. ()		Non-current port		Current po	
			;	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Lease liability				34.91	56.01	24.71	20.33
,	,	()		34.91	56.01	24.71	20.33
	\wedge \cap) /		34.51	50.01	24.71	20.33
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Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements *(continued)* as at 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

18. Provisions

Non current	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity (Refer note 38)	597.39	547.20
Compensated absence	52.89	44.84
	650.28	592.04
Current		40.40
Gratuity (Refer note 38)	45.14	40.43
Compensated absence	10.72	8.92
Dividend on preference shares (including taxes)	(0.00)*	(0.00)*
* Cincar descripted in IND william	55.86	49.35
* Since denominated in INR million		0'
19. Trade payables		7
Outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small enterprises (Refer Note 40)	133.82	65.37
	1,914.94	
Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises		1,392.03
	2,048.76	1,457.40
(i) Refer note 36 for amounts due to related parties		
(ii) Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity ri	sk is disclosed in Note 44	
Particulars		
	S 24 Marush 2022	24 Marrah 2022
(Outstanding from due date of payment)	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(i) MSME	404.76	26.64
Less than 1 year	104.76	26.61
1-2 years	25.86	-
2-3 years	0.12	-
More than 3 years	120.74	- 26.61
	130.74	26.61
(ii) Others		
Less than 1 year	1,416.77	802.23
1-2 years	72.66	47.23
2-3 years	18.62	28.15
More than 3 years	152.28	143.10
	1,660.33	1,020.71
(ii) Others Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years (iii) Disputed dues - MSME Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years		
Less than 1 year		38.75
1-2 years	-	30.73
2-3 years	3.09	_
More than 3 years	3.09	_
Wide than 5 years	3.09	38.75
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR		
Net trade payables	1,794.16	1,086.07
(i) Information given above does not include amounts in the nature of provisions.		
,		
20. Other financial liabilities		
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	21.16	10.55
Interim dividend payable (relating to earlier years)	0.80	0.80
Accrued employee liabilities	1,607.69	1,574.29
Capital creditors	24.93	28.10
ergren er er er e		
	1,654.58	1,613.74

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued) as at 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

21. Contract liabilities

Contract liabilities relating to discontinued operations -	1,546.31
	1,546.31

22. Other current liabilities

21. Contract liabilities		
Contract liabilities relating to discontinued operations	-	1,546.31
	<u>-</u>	1,546.31
(i) Information about the Company's exposure to Interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk is disclose	d in Note 44	
22. Other current liabilities		
Statutory liabilities Advance from customers	455.14 13.34	528.25 15.79
	468.48	544.04
	3 Y	Y
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Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements *(continued)* for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
23. Revenue from contracts with customers			
Facility services revenue	22,128.83	19,416.82	
Facility projects revenue	968.20	892.37	
	23,097.03	20,309.19	
24. Other income			
Interest income under effective interest method on deposits with banks and others	27.96	21.80	
Foreign exchange fluctuation gain (net) Finance income on lease receivables	0.01	- 12.52	
Miscellaneous income	9.38	17.10	and a
	37.35	51.42	(3 ^y
25. Cost of materials consumed		_	
Inventory at the beginning of the year	104.72	133.98	
Add: Purchases	2,209.56	1,975.04	~~
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	102.63	104.72	03
,	2,211.65	2,004.30	7.1
Break up of materials consumed			
Project material Others	549.79 1,661.86	502.14 1,502.16	
ACY-	2,211.65	2,004.30	
· · ·	2,211.03	2,004.30	
Break up of closing stock			
Electrical material	15.31	23.53	
Project material Others	39.61 47.71	50.91 30.28	
	102.63	104.72	
	4 7 7	104.72	
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Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements *(continued)* for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
26. Employee benefits expense			
Salaries, wages and allowances	12,648.87	10,594.76	
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 38)	1,332.59	1,168.30	
Staff welfare expenses	128.00	196.86	
	14,109.46	11,959.92	
27. Finance costs			
Interest expense			
On borrowings from banks	700.81	680.50	
On borrowings from others	7.18	9.01	
On optionally convertible debentures	0.37	0.31	
Other borrowing costs*	158.33	117.86	(\(\(\(\(\) \)
	866.69	807.68	
*Includes charges on account of guarantee commission, LC and renewal of	800.03	807.08	
credit facilities.			A V.
credit racinties.			
28. Other expenses			
	A		
Subcontracting charges	834.30	687.26	٠ (١)
Freight, octroi and transportation	13.28	15.55	
Equipment hiring charges	206.37	153.38	
Retainership fees	787.92	706.87	
Power and fuel	908.06	848.01	
Rent (refer note 37)	55.73	65.62	
Rates and taxes	46.91	87.50	
Repairs and maintenance:		4 2	
- on machinery - others	15.75 274.95	8.83	
Insurance	34.12	276.18 44.19	
Travelling and conveyance	124.10	90.30	
Communication	24.55	26.73	
Advertisement and sales promotions	10.89	10.34	
Printing and stationery	21.29	19.10	
Legal and professional charges	212.87	180.74	
Auditors' remuneration (refer note below)	3.30	3.60	
Corporate social responsibility expenses (Refer note 39)	33.00	19.00	
Provision for expected credit loss	179.86	181.50	
Miscellaneous expenses	36.30	26.50	
	3,823.55	3,451.20	
,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Payments to auditors			
As an auditor			
Statutory audit fees	3.30	3.60	
Other audit services			
	3.30	3.60	
Other audit services			
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Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements *(continued)* for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

29. Tax expenses

		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
А	Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss:		
	Current income tax:		
	Current income tax charge	487.46	606.24
	Tax relating to earlier periods [(including MAT credit of 41.72 million (PY: Nil)]	(95.54)	(29.34)
	Deferred tax:	, ,	, ,
	Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences [including	(125.05)	(326.84)
	MAT credit of Nil (31 March 2022: 41.72 million)]	(125,05)	(323.31)
	Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	266.87	250.06
			~ 44
	Tax benefit/(expense) of the year attributable to:		(A)
	Continuing operations	(300.07)	(399.18)
	Discontinued operations	33.20	149.12
		(266.87)	(250.06)
			Y
В	Recognised in Statement of Other comprehensive income:		
	Deferred tax:		
	Remeasurement of defined benefit plan	7.02	(15.12)
	Income tax expense reported in the Statement of other comprehensive income	7.02	(15.12)
		O'	
С	Recognised in Balance Sheet:	·	
	Tax assets		
	Non- current tax assets	774.41	400.35
	Current tax liabilities	774.41	400.35
	Current tax liability	42.86	297.91
	Current tax hability	42.86	297.91
D	Reconciliation of effective tax rate	42.00	237.31
	Accounting profit before tax	1,532.33	1,458.80
	Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate (34.944%)	535.46	509.76
	Adjustments in respect of MAT credit	-	(41.72)
	Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous years	(95.54)	(29.34)
	(including MAT credit)		
	Tax effect of:		
	Impact on account of change in accounting policy- Ind AS 115	-	5.53
	Corporate social responsibility expenditure and donations	11.53	6.89
	Impact of disallowance u/s 36(1)(va) of Income Tax Act	2.24	60.87
	Deduction under section 80JJAA of Income Tax Act	(87.36)	(87.36)
	Deduction under section 80IA of Income Tax Act	(104.83)	(174.57)
	Others	5.38	-
	Total	266.87	250.06
	Income tax expense reported in the Statement of profit and loss	266.87	250.06

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements *(continued)* for the Year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

E Deferred tax

Deferred tax relates to the following: Deferred tax asset / (liability) **Balance sheet**

Statement of profit and loss & other comprehensive income

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023
Deferred tax asset			
Minimum alternate tax (MAT) credit	-	41.72	-
Expected credit loss and discounting of retention money	884.35	822.60	(61.75)
Provision for employee benefits	396.68	364.46	(32.22)
Others	0.88	2.50	1.62
Total	1,281.91	1,231.28	(92.35)
Deferred tax liability	(40.5.00)	(222.45)	(= 00)
Property, plant & equipment and intangible assets (including intangible	(194.63)	(202.46)	(7.83)
assets under development, net of RoU)	(24.5.04)	(2.40.02)	(24.00)
Claim of deduction on account of retention money	(216.94)	(248.83)	(31.89)
Total	(411.57)	(451.29)	(39.71)
Net deferred tax asset / (liability)	870.34	779.99	(132.07)
7			,
Deferred tax expense/(income)	\$	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Recognised in the statement of profit and loss (Expense / (income)) (including	MAT credit)	Y	
- Attributable to continuing operations	25	(91.85)	(4.34)
- Attributable to discontinued operations (Refer Note 41)	0.	(33.20)	(322.50)
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Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

30 Earnings per share

		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(a) Basic earnings per equity share of face value Rs. 10 each (in			
Rupees)			
- From continuing operations	A (G/M)	61.17	57.86
- From discontinued operations	B (H/M)	(12.42)	(11.30)
- Total basic earnings per share	C (I/M)	48.75	46.56
(b) Diluted earnings per equity share of face value Rs. 10 each (in Rupees)			
- From continuing operations	D (J/N)	59.60	56,38
- From discontinued operations (restricted to basic, if antidilutive)	E (K/N)	(12.42)	(11.30
- Total diluted earnings per share	F (L/N)	47.18	45.08
(c) Reconciliation of earnings used in calculating earnings per year			(A)
Net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders (Basic) - From continuing operations	G	1,587.99	1,502.15
- From discontinued operations	Н	(322.53)	(293.41)
- Total net earnings	 I	1,265.46	1,208.74
			_,
Net profit after tax available for equity share holders (Diluted)		1,587.99	1,502.15
- From continuing operations - From discontinued operations	J K	(322.53)	(293.41)
- Total net earnings (diluted)	K I	1,265.46	1,208.74
(d) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator	25	2,200110	2,200.7
Weighted average number of equity shares of face value of INR 10 each outstanding during the year	M	2,59,61,831	2,59,61,831
Weighted average number of equity shares of INR 10 each considered as equity shares and potential equity shares outstanding	N	2,66,44,808	2,66,44,808
Reconciliation of weighted average number of equity shares:			
Equity shares		2,57,10,388	2,57,10,388
Effect of compulsorily convertible preference shares		2,51,443	2,51,443
Weighted average number of equity shares: Basic		2,59,61,831	2,59,61,831
Effect of optionally convertible debentures		6,82,977	6,82,977
Weighted average number of equity shares: Diluted		2,66,44,808	2,66,44,808
Weighted average number of equity shares: Diluted			

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

31-34 Contingent liabilities and commitments

31		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Capital commitments		
	Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital	58.08	16.98
	account and not provided for (net of advances)		
		58.08	16.98
	Contingent liabilities		
1	Guarantees extended by the Company (refer note a below)	35.50	35.50
П	Employee dues on account of amendment to Payment of Bonus Act,	57.52	57.52
	1965 (Refer note b below)		
Ш	Service tax claims (excluding interest and penalty) (Refer note c below)	796.51	796.51
IV	Value added tax claims (excluding interest and penalty)	3.40	3.40
		892.93	892.93

- (a) Guarantees disclosed above excludes performance guarantee amounting to Rs. 3,317.48 million (31 March 2022: 2,316.67 million) towards bid security, earnest money deposit and security deposit.
- (b) Since the decision for retrospective application of the amendment in Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 is pending with Hon'ble Bombay High Court, the Company has considered the amendment prospectively from FY 2015-16.
- (c) The service tax claim (excluding interest and penalty) is on account of disallowance of exemptions on certain services by the Service tax department for the period of FYs 2012-18. The Company has filed an appeal with Central Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal against the orders covering the period of FYs 2012-18. The quantum of interest and penalty on above cannot be ascertained at the litigation stage and shall be finalised upon conclusion of the litigation.
- 32 On 6 November 2019, a search/survey was conducted on the Company by the Income Tax Department pursuant to the provisions of section 132/133 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("the IT Act"). The proceedings covered various office locations, and residences of certain directors and employees of the Company. During these proceedings, the Income Tax department had requisitioned books of account and other documents under section 132A/133 of the IT Act for AY 2014-15 to AY 2020-21 ('the Relevant years'). During the previous year, the Income Tax Department passed demand orders u/s 144 of the IT Act for the Relevant years, which were subsequently rectified taking into consideration errors apparent from the demand order ("Rectified Orders"). The amount of demand as per the Rectified Orders was INR 1,297.87 million. The Company had filed an appeal before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) against these Rectified Orders for the Relevant years. During the course of the appeal proceedings, the Company made submissions and representations, challenging the basis of the demand and seeking relevant information regarding the additions in the assessment order. However, the appeal proceedings were disposed off by the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) vide orders dated 24 February 2023 ("the CIT(A) Orders") without seeking a remand report from the Assessing Officer for verification of basis of additions, providing part relief to the Company for AY 2019-20. Subsequently, on 24 April 2023, the Income Tax Department has filed an appeal before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal, Pune Bench ("the ITAT") against the CIT(A) order for AY 2019-20. Further, the Company also filed an appeal before the ITAT against the CIT(A) orders for all the Relevant years. The appeal proceedings are ongoing.

The assessment was completed on a best judgment basis. During the course of the assessment proceedings and appellate proceedings, the Company had sought certain information and clarifications from the Income Tax Department. Due to non-availability of sufficient information regarding the basis of additions in the assessment order, the management is currently unable to quantify any reasonable tax obligation that may arise out of the said search/survey proceedings. Accordingly, no provision has been made pursuant to above matter in the current year.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

33 The Honourable Supreme court gave a judgement dated February 28, 2019 on certain aspects related to Provident Fund. The question before the Supreme Court was whether certain allowances payable to all employees generally or to all employees engaged in a particular category would also fall within the purview of 'basic wages' for the purpose of determining the amount of EPF Contribution payable by the employer.

In reference to the above judgement, the Company is of the view that it is highly unlikely that the judgment of the Supreme Court would call for retrospective application. Further, the Company is also of the view that there are interpretation challenges and considerable uncertainty, including estimating the amount retrospectively.

Consequently, no financial effect has been provided in the financial statements towards any potential retrospective application of the above Supreme court judgement. However, as a matter of abundant caution, the Company has made a provision on a prospective basis and believes that the difference between the provision and the expected liability (if any) is not material.

34 The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') informed the Company that an investigation into the affairs of the Company has been requisite document, ending.

Retailed to the state of the initiated under Section 210(1)(a) and (c) of the Companies Act, 2013. Subsequently, the MCA issued letters requiring the Company to furnish information and documents including, among other things, its financial statements, statutory records, books of accounts, details of its business and branches, details of litigations, etc.

The Company has duly submitted responses to the letters received, along with the requisite documents and information, and has not received any further communication from the MCA. The matter is currently pending.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

35 Related party transactions

List of related parties as per the requirements of Ind-AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures

a) Related parties where control exists

BVG Kshitij Waste Management Services Private Limited Subsidiaries

Out of Home Media India Private Limited

BVG Skill Academy

BVG-UKSAS (SPV) Private Limited **BVG Security Services Private Limited**

BVG-UKSAS EMS Private Limited b) Joint venture

Jhamtani Prosumers Solar Private Limited

c) Joint operation **BVG Krystal Joint Venture**

d) Key management personnel

Chairman and Managing Director Hanmantrao Gaikwad

Vice Chairman and Whole time Director Umesh Mane (upto 9 March 2023)

Director Swapnali Gaikwad Chief Financial Officer Manoj Jain **Company Secretary** Rajni Pamnani

e) Relatives of Key management personnel Vaishali Gaikwad Dattatraya Gaikwad

Mohini Mane (upto 9 March 2023)

f) Enterprises over which key management personnel and the relatives of such personnel exercise control / significant influence :

BVG Energy Efficiency Private Limited

BVG Life Sciences Limited

BVG Hitech Agro Limited (formerly known as BVG Sugars Limited)

BVG Jal Private Limited (formerly known as Hilltop Developers Limited)

Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited

BVG Clean Energy Limited Bharat Vikas Pratishthan **BVG Clean Technologies Limited**

Aadiarya Agrotech Services LLP (formerly known as BVG Agrotech Services LLP)

Intertech Electro Controls Private Limited

BVG Agrotech Private Limited BVG Health Food Private Limited

Transactions with related parties:

Natura of turning the	Name and a Ma Control	Year ended	Year ended
Nature of transaction	Name of the related party	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Nature of transaction Name of the related party Compensation paid to Key Management Personnel and their relatives* Hanmantrao Gaikwad Umesh Mane Swapnali Gaikwad Vaishali Gaikwad Pankaj Dhingra Manoj Jain Rajni Pamnani *The above amounts do not include retirement benefits estimated based on actuarial valuation and Sale of services BVG Life Sciences Limited Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited BVG Clean Energy Limited BVG Agrotech Private Limited BVG Agrotech Private Limited BVG Life Sciences Limited BVG Agrotech Private Limited	Hanmantrao Gaikwad	22.50	12.88
their relatives*	tition paid to Key Management Personnel and Umesh Mane Swapnali Gaikwad Vaishali Gaikwad Dattatraya Gaikwad Pankaj Dhingra Manoj Jain Rajni Pamnani e amounts do not include retirement benefits estimated based on actuarial valuation and not allocable to a specific employices BVG Life Sciences Limited Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited BVG Agrotech Private Limited BVG Agrotech Private Limited	9.00	18.00
	Swapnali Gaikwad	2.40	2.40
	Vaishali Gaikwad	8.32	6.81
	Dattatraya Gaikwad	3.82	3.80
	Pankaj Dhingra	4.00	-
	Manoj Jain	9.43	10.79
	Rajni Pamnani	4.18	3.08
~~~		63.65	57.76
*The above amounts do not include retirement benefi	ts estimated based on actuarial valuation and not allocable	to a specific employee.	
Sale of services	- 1	3.60	0.38
VO.	<u> </u>	-	0.12
No.	•	-	124.93
<u> </u>	BVG Agrotech Private Limited	-	4.16
		3.60	129.59
Purchases of goods and services	BVG Life Sciences Limited	7.74	123.78
	BVG Skill Academy	1.98	2.93
	BVG Health Food Private Limited	0.01	0.05
	BVG Agrotech Private Limited	-	0.19
	Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited	10.58	0.01
	BVG Jal Private Limited	0.04	-
	BVG Agrotech Services LLP	0.03	-
	8	-	0.92
		20.38	127.88

Reimbursement of expenses	BVG Clean Energy Limited	-	40.15
·			40.15

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(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

## Amounts due to/from related parties

Trade receivables         BVS Krystal Joint Venture         2.66         2.86           Bharat Vikas Partshifthan         2.46         2.26           BVS Genary Services Private Limited         2.99         4.74           BVG UFS Sciences Limited         2.17         16.27           Starta Mega Food Park Private Limited         815.51         815.32           BVG-LIKSAS EAKS Private Limited         815.51         815.33           Addiary a Agrotech Services LIV [fla BVG Agrotech Services LIV]         -         0.22           BVG Lies In Strong Private Limited         2.15         3.56           BVG Clean Technologies Limited         4.41         5.12           Advance from customers         BVG Jail Private Limited         1.86         1.87           BVG Clean Technologies Limited         1.86         1.87         1.86           BVG Skill Academy         -         0.09         1.26         1.26           BVS Skill Academy         -         0.06         1.26         1.27         1.27           BVS Health Food Private Limited         1.1         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11	Nature of outstanding (net balances reported)	Name of the related party	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Bharat Wikes Pratishthan   2.46   2.45   2.49   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   2.99   4.74   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4.98   4	Trade receivables	BVG Krystal Joint Venture	2.86	2.86
BWG LIF Sciences Limited   2.17   16.25   BWG-LIKSAS EWS Private Limited   15.4   16.13   BWG-LIKSAS EWS Private Limited   44.98   16.13   BWG-LIKSAS EWS Private Limited   44.98   16.13   BWG-LIKSAS EWS Private Limited   44.98   16.13   BWG Health Food Private Limited   2.1   0.55   BWG Health Food Private Limited   2.1   0.55   BWG Clean Energy Limited   2.1   0.55   BWG Clean Energy Limited   2.1   0.55   BWG Clean Energy Limited   2.1   0.55   BWG Sergey Efficiency Private Limited   2.1   0.09   BWG Energy Efficiency Private Limited   2.1   0.09   Trade payables   BWG Energy Efficiency Private Limited   18.67   18.67   18.67   BWG Sali Academy   3.   0.00   BWG Bear Technologies Limited   3.   0.00   BWG Bear Technologies Limited   3.   0.00   BWG Bear Technologies Limited   3.   0.00   BWG Health Food Private Limited   3.   0.00   BWG Health Food Private Limited   3.   0.00   BWG Bear Technologies Limited   3.   0.00   BWG Bea		Bharat Vikas Pratishthan	2.46	2.46
Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited   \$15.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39   11.54   \$16.39		BVG Security Services Private Limited	2.99	4.74
BVG-LIXAS ENS Frivate Limited   815.94   816.39   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.89   814.8		·	22.17	16.52
Intertech Electro Controls Private Limited		Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited	-	22.90
Analinary Agrotech Services LLP (fixe BVG Agrotech Services LLP)   0.52   BVG Health Food Private Limited		BVG-UKSAS EMS Private Limited	815.54	816.39
Analinary Agrotech Services LLP (fixe BVG Agrotech Services LLP)   0.52   BVG Health Food Private Limited		Intertech Electro Controls Private Limited	44.98	44.98
BVG Clean Energy United   4.43		Aadiarya Agrotech Services LLP (fka BVG Agrotech Services LLP)	-	0.52
BVG Clean Energy United BVG Agrotech Private Limited			-	0.56
BVG Agrotech Private Limited   919.77   939.91			24.36	32.86
Advance from customers BVG Jal Private Limited - 0.09 Trade payables BVG Energy Efficiency Private Limited 18.67 18.67 BVG Clean Technologies Limited - 1.26 BVG Skill Academy - 1.26 BVG Skill Academy - 1.26 BVG Health Food Private Limited - 0.05 BVG Health Food Private Limited - 0.06 Mohini Mane - 0.07  Rent Payable Umesh Mane 0.11 0.11 Remuneration payable Hannthirta Galikvad 1.29 1.08 Umesh Mane 0.98 0.37 Swappauli Galikvad 1.83 1.83 Valshali Galikvad 0.05 0.98 Umesh Mane 0.98 0.57 Swappauli Galikvad 0.53 0.45 Dattatraya Galikvad 0.00 0.00 Manoj Jain 0.05 0.61 Rajni Pamnani 0.0.56 0.28 Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited 155.13 152.82 Capital advance Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited 155.13 152.82 Capital advance Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited 155.13 152.82 Deposits receivable BVG Hitech Agro Limited (fka BVG Sugars Limited) 50.44 61.24 Deposits receivable BVG Life Sciences Limited (fka BVG Sugars Limited) 0.90 3.60 Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their Hanmantrao Galikwad 0.90 3.60 Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their Hanmantrao Galikwad 0.90 3.60 Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their Hanmantrao Galikwad 0.90 3.50 Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their Hanmantrao Galikwad 0.90 3.50 Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their Hanmantrao Galikwad 2.52 2.15 Guarantees given by the Company BVG Krystal Joint Venture 35.50 35.50		<del>-</del> ,	4.41	5.12
Trade payables		. 6		
Trade payables   BVG Energy Efficiency Private Limited   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.67   18.	Advance from customers	BVG Jal Private Limited	-	0.09
BVG Clean Technologies Limited   -   1.26 BVG Skill Academy   -   3.57 BVG Isal Private Limited   -   0.07 BVG Isal Private Limited   -   0.06 Mohini Mane   -   0.07 BVG Health Food Private Limited   -   0.07 BVG Health Food Private Limit			-	0.09
BVG Skill Academy   - 3.57   0.07   0.07   0.07   0.06   0.006   0.006   0.007   0.006   0.007   0.006   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.0	Trade payables	BVG Energy Efficiency Private Limited	18.67	18.67
BVG Skill Academy   - 3.57   0.07   0.07   0.07   0.06   0.006   0.006   0.007   0.006   0.007   0.006   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.007   0.0		BVG Clean Technologies Limited	λ.,	1.26
BVG Health Food Private Limited   - 0.06   Mohini Mane   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07			_ (X	3.57
BVG Health Food Private Limited   - 0.06   Mohini Mane   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07   - 0.07		BVG Jal Private Limited		0.07
Rent Payable			0.	0.06
Rent Payable         Umesh Mane         0.11         0.11           Remuneration payable         Hanmantrao Galikwad         1.29         1.08           Umesh Mane         0.98         0.87           Swapnali Galikwad         1.83         1.83           Vaishali Galikwad         0.53         0.45           Dattatraya Galikwad         0.40         0.40           Manoj Jain         0.55         0.61           Rajni Pamnani         0.26         0.28           Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited         155.13         152.82           Capital advance         Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited         155.13         152.82           Advances to suppliers         BVG Hitech Agro Limited (fka BVG Sugars Limited)         50.44         61.24           Deposits receivable         BVG Hitech Agro Limited (fka BVG Sugars Limited)         50.44         61.24           Deposits receivable         BVG Krystal Joint Venture         20.98         20.98           Unbilled revenue         BVG Life Sciences Limited         0.90         3.60           Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their         Hanmantrao Gaikwad         2.52         2.15           Guarantees given by the Company         BVG Krystal Joint Venture         35.50         35.50		Mohini Mane		0.07
Remuneration payable			18.67	
Remuneration payable	Rent Payable	Umesh Mane	0.11	0.11
Umesh Mane		¥ 6.7°	0.11	0.11
Umesh Mane				
Swapnali Gaikwad   1.83   1.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.83   2.	Remuneration payable	Hanmantrao Gaikwad	1.29	1.08
Vaishali Gaikwad   0.53   0.45   0.40   0.40   0.40   0.40   0.40   0.40   0.40   0.55   0.61   0.55   0.61   0.26   0.28   0.52   0.58   0.52   0.58   0.55   0.61   0.55   0.61   0.55   0.61   0.55   0.61   0.55   0.61   0.55   0.61   0.55   0.61   0.26   0.28   0.52   0.58   0.52   0.58   0.52   0.58   0.52   0.58   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.55   0.		Umesh Mane	0.98	0.87
Dattatraya Gaikwad   Manoj Jain   0.55   0.61   Rajni Pamnani   0.26   0.28   0.28   0.26   0.28   0.28   0.26   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.28   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29   0.29		Swapnali Gaikwad	1.83	1.83
Manoj Jain Rajni Pamnani         0.55         0.61           Capital advance         Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited         155.13         152.82           Advances to suppliers         BVG Hitech Agro Limited (fka BVG Sugars Limited)         50.44         61.24           Deposits receivable         BVG Hitech Agro Limited (fka BVG Sugars Limited)         -         24.00           BVG Krystal Joint Venture         20.98         20.98           Unbilled revenue         BVG Life Sciences Limited         0.90         3.60           Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their relatives*         Hanmantrao Gaikwad         2.52         2.15           Guarantees given by the Company         BVG Krystal Joint Venture         35.50         35.50		Vaishali Gaikwad	0.53	0.45
Rajni Pamnani         0.26         0.28           5.84         5.52           Capital advance         Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited         155.13         152.82           Advances to suppliers         BVG Hitech Agro Limited (fka BVG Sugars Limited)         50.44         61.24           Deposits receivable         BVG Hitech Agro Limited (fka BVG Sugars Limited)         -         24.00           BVG Krystal Joint Venture         20.98         20.98           Unbilled revenue         BVG Life Sciences Limited         0.90         3.60           Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their relatives*         Hanmantrao Gaikwad         2.52         2.15           Guarantees given by the Company         BVG Krystal Joint Venture         35.50         35.50		Dattatraya Gaikwad	0.40	0.40
Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited   155.13   152.82		Manoj Jain	0.55	0.61
Capital advance Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 155.13 152.82 152.82 155.13 152.82 152.82 155.13 152.82 152.82 152.82 152.82 152.82 152.82 152.82 152.82 152.82 152.82 152.82 152.82 152.82 152.82 152.82 152.		Rajni Pamnani	0.26	0.28
Advances to suppliers  BVG Hitech Agro Limited (fka BVG Sugars Limited)  50.44 61.24  Deposits receivable  BVG Hitech Agro Limited (fka BVG Sugars Limited)  BVG Krystal Joint Venture  20.98 20.98 20.98 20.98 44.98  Unbilled revenue  BVG Life Sciences Limited  BVG Life Sciences Limited  0.90 3.60  Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their relatives*  2.52 2.15  Guarantees given by the Company  BVG Krystal Joint Venture  35.50 35.50			5.84	5.52
Advances to suppliers  BVG Hitech Agro Limited (fka BVG Sugars Limited)  50.44 61.24  Deposits receivable  BVG Hitech Agro Limited (fka BVG Sugars Limited)  BVG Krystal Joint Venture  20.98 20.98 20.98 20.98 44.98  Unbilled revenue  BVG Life Sciences Limited  BVG Life Sciences Limited  0.90 3.60  Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their relatives*  2.52 2.15  Guarantees given by the Company  BVG Krystal Joint Venture  35.50 35.50	Capital advance	Satara Mega Food Park Private Limited	155.13	152.82
Deposits receivable BVG Hitech Agro Limited (fka BVG Sugars Limited) BVG Krystal Joint Venture 20.98 20.98 20.98 44.98  Unbilled revenue BVG Life Sciences Limited 0.90 3.60  Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their relatives* 2.52 2.15  Guarantees given by the Company BVG Krystal Joint Venture 35.50 35.50		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	155.13	
Deposits receivable BVG Hitech Agro Limited (fka BVG Sugars Limited) BVG Krystal Joint Venture 20.98 20.98 20.98 44.98  Unbilled revenue BVG Life Sciences Limited 0.90 3.60  Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their relatives* 2.52 2.15  Guarantees given by the Company BVG Krystal Joint Venture 35.50 35.50	Advances to suppliers	BVG Hitech Agro Limited (fkg. BVG Sugars Limited)	50.44	61 24
BVG Krystal Joint Venture 20.98 20.98  Unbilled revenue BVG Life Sciences Limited 0.90 3.60  Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their Hanmantrao Gaikwad 2.52 2.15 relatives*  Quarantees given by the Company BVG Krystal Joint Venture 35.50 35.50	Travallees to suppliers	by a fine carry of amine a five by a sugar selfinite a)		
BVG Krystal Joint Venture 20.98 20.98  Unbilled revenue BVG Life Sciences Limited 0.90 3.60  Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their Hanmantrao Gaikwad 2.52 2.15 relatives*  Quarantees given by the Company BVG Krystal Joint Venture 35.50 35.50	Denosits resolvable	DVC Lites have limited (flor DVC Sugars Limited)		24.00
Unbilled revenue BVG Life Sciences Limited 0.90 3.60  Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their Hanmantrao Gaikwad 2.52 2.15 relatives* 2.52 2.15 Guarantees given by the Company BVG Krystal Joint Venture 35.50 35.50	Deposits receivable		-	
Unbilled revenue BVG Life Sciences Limited 0.90 3.60 0.90 3.60 Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their Hanmantrao Gaikwad 2.52 2.15 relatives* 2.52 2.15 Guarantees given by the Company BVG Krystal Joint Venture 35.50 35.50		bvo krystai joint venture		
Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their Hanmantrao Gaikwad 2.52 2.15 relatives* 2.52 2.15  Guarantees given by the Company BVG Krystal Joint Venture 35.50 35.50		\\ \frac{1}{2}		
Borrowings from Key Management Personnel and their Hanmantrao Gaikwad 2.52 2.15 relatives* 2.52 2.15  Guarantees given by the Company BVG Krystal Joint Venture 35.50 35.50	Unbilled revenue	BVG Life Sciences Limited		
relatives*  2.52 2.15  Guarantees given by the Company BVG Krystal Joint Venture 35.50 35.50		<i>J</i> .	0.90	3.00
2.52     2.15       Guarantees given by the Company     BVG Krystal Joint Venture     35.50     35.50		heir Hanmantrao Gaikwad	2.52	2.15
			2.52	2.15
	Guarantees given by the Company	RVG Krystal Joint Venture	35 50	35 50
	Guarantees given by the company	DVO Mystar Johnt Venture	35.50	35.50

## (i) Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in an arm's length transaction. Outstanding balances at the end of year are unsecured and interest free.

#### Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

#### 36 Operating segments

#### A. Description of segments and principal activities

The business activities of the Company from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses; whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available involve predominantly four segments.

The following summary describes the operations in each of the Company's reportable segments:

Reportable segments	Operations
1. Facility services:	The division is engaged in the business of integrated facility management services, including mechanized
	housekeeping, transportation, manpower supply, and other specialised services such as solid waste management,
	emergency medical services, emergency police services, etc.
	$\cdot$
2. Facility projects:	The division is engaged in the business of horticulture, gardening and landscaping services, solar EPC contracts, other
	turnkey contracts, etc.
3. Engineering projects (discontinued):	The division is engaged in the business of electrical erection and commissioning contracts.

#### B. Basis of identifying operating segments, reportable segments and segment profit

#### (i) Basis of identifying operating segments:

Operating segments are identified as those components of the Company

- (a) that engage in business activities to earn revenues and incur expenses (including transactions with any of the Company's other components;
- (b) whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Company's Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) to make decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment and
- (c) for which discrete financial information is available.

The Company has four reportable segments as described under 'Description of segments and principal activities' above. The nature of products and services offered by these businesses are different and are managed separately.

#### (ii) Reportable segments:

An operating segment is classified as reportable segment if reported revenue (including inter-segment revenue) or absolute amount of result or assets exceed 10% or more of the combined total of all the operating segments.

#### (iii) Segment profit:

Performance of a segment is measured based on segment profit (before interest and tax), as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Company's CODM.

## Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

## C. Information about reportable segments

	Facility se	rvices	Facility pr	ojects	Engineering projects*		Tota	1
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
External revenue recognised:								
Over time	22,128.83	19,416.82	968.20	892.37	_	_ (	23,097.03	20,309.19
At a point in time	22,120.03	13,410.02	500.20	632.37	1,508.35		1,508.35	20,303.13
·					<u> </u>			
Segment revenues	22,128.83	19,416.82	968.20	892.37	1,508.35	\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	24,605.38	20,309.19
Segment expense	19,291.87	16,620.56	852.79	794.86	1,848.59	435.38	21,993.25	17,850.80
Segment depreciation	226.77	233.26	7.36	2.09	0.44	0.36	234.57	235.71
Segment results	2,610.19	2,563.00	108.05	95.42	(340.68)	(435.74)	2,377.56	2,222.68
Operating profit			× A	Y			2,377.56	2,222.68
Other income							37.51	51.42
Finance Cost			A 0 7		XO.		(881.90)	(814.47
Unallocated depreciation / amortisation			~. O		S		(0.84)	(0.83
Profit before tax			<b>X</b>	ć			1,532.33	1,458.80
Current tax				100	<i>)</i>		(487.46)	(606.24
Deferred tax charge		$\sim$ $\circ$ $\circ$					125.05	326.84
Short / (excess) provision of tax with				A			95.54	29.34
respect to earlier years			(	6,7				
Profit after tax							1,265.46	1,208.74
Segment assets	15,305.56	15,516.90	873.83	1,112.49	1,013.89	746.30	17,193.27	17,375.69
Unallocated Corporate assets			v O				1,984.55	1,533.76
Total assets							19,177.83	18,909.45
Segment liabilities	8,139.58	8,908.45	416.30	542.28	350.22	120.05	8,906.10	9,570.78
Unallocated corporate liabilities			O'				42.86	297.91
Total liabilities			<b>&gt;</b>				8,948.96	9,868.69
Segment capital expenditure	307.79	229.75	-	-	-	-	307.79	229.75
Unallocated capital expenditure							3.68	-
Total capital expenditure							311.47	229.75

^{*}Refer Note 41 on Discontinued Operations

## Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued) as at 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

#### 37 Leases

#### **Definition of lease**

Under Ind AS 116, the Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition of a lease, as explained in accounting policies.

#### A. As a lessee

Under Ind AS 116, the Company recognises right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for most leases – i.e. these leases are on-balance sheet.

The Company decided to apply recognition exemptions to short-term leases . For leases of other assets, which were classified as operating under Ind AS 116, the Company recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.

#### B. As a lessor

The Company is not required to make any adjustments on transition to Ind AS 116 for leases in which it acts as a lessor, except for a sub-lease. The Company accounted for its leases in accordance with Ind AS 116 from the date of initial application.

## C. Impact on financial statements

On transition to Ind AS 116, the Company recognised INR 63.10 million as right-of-use assets and INR 65.26 as lease liabilities, recognising the difference in retained earnings amounting to INR 2.16 million. Detailed bifurcation of lease liability & right-of-use assets is given below:

When measuring lease liabilities, the Company discounted lease payments using its incremental borrowing rate at 1 April 2019. The weighted-average rate applied is 11.1%.

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed under Note 44C.

Right-of-Use recognised in the balance sheet	As at	As at
10'	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Building	44.98	61.03
	43	
Lease liabilities included in the balance sheet	As at	As at
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Non-current O	34.91	56.01
Current	24.71	20.33
4 /	/ ₁ /	
Total	59.62	76.34
Amounts recognised in the Statement of profit and loss	For the year ended	For the year ended
, and the same of	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
X		
Interest on lease liabilities	7.18	9.01
Total	7.18	9.01
• ()		
Amounts recognised in the statement of cash flows	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Total cash outflow for leases	(27.58)	(27.42)
Total	(27.58)	(27.42)
• 4		
B. Leases as lessor		
The Company has leased its vehicles on finance lease basis.		
		Lease receivable
Amount as at 1 April 2021	_	237.47
Add: Finance income recognised during the period		12.52
Less: Minimum lease payments received during the period	_	(111.96)
Amount as at 31 March 2022	_	138.03
Less: Minimum lease payments received during the period		(57.32)
Amount as at 31 March 2023		80.71

## Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued) as at 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Gross investment in the lease		
- receivable in less than one year	80.7	1 138.03
- receivable between one and five years	-	-
- receivable after more than five years	<u> </u>	-
	80.7	1 138.03
Present value of minimum lease payments		
- receivable in less than one year	80.7	1 138.03
- receivable between one and five years - receivable after more than five years	-	-
- receivable after more than live years	80.7	1 138.03
Unearned finance income receivable		
Official field in Conference value		
Net investment in lease	80.7	1 138.09
Unguaranteed residual value	13.8	6 13.86
During the year, there is no revenue against the investment property held b	by the company for the purpose of leasing ou	t to third parties
burning the year, there is no revenue against the investment property held t	of the company for the purpose of leasing ou	t to till a parties.
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## Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

## 38 Employee benefits

#### A. Defined contribution plans

The Company makes contributions, determined as a specified percentage of employee salaries, in respect of qualifying employees towards provident fund, employees state insurance corporation and labour welfare fund, which are defined contribution plans. The Company has no obligations other than to make the specified contributions. The contributions are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as they accrue. The amount recognised as an expense towards contribution to provident fund, employee state insurance and labour welfare fund for the year amounted to 1078.97 million, INR 273.45 million and INR 2.91 million (31 March 2022: 892.90 million, 229.44 million and 2.92 million) respectively.

#### B. Defined benefit plan

#### I. For staff:

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The scheme is a non-contributory defined benefit arrangement providing gratuity benefits expressed in terms of final monthly salary and service. The scheme is partly funded with the Life Insurance Corporation of India. In accordance with the standard, the disclosures relating to the Company's gratuity plan are provided below:

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
a) Statement showing changes in present value of obligation		2.
Present value of obligations at the beginning of the year	88.14	72.53
Interest cost	6.20	4.81
Current service cost	13.04	12.57
Benefits paid	(6.89)	(14.85)
Actuarial loss / (gain) on obligations	(5.60)	13.08
Present value of obligations as at the end of the year	94.89	88.14
A 0 Y	\ \ \	
b) Table showing changes in the fair value of plan assets	_ >	
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of year	0.12	0.11
nterest income	0.29	0.24
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest income	(0.41)	(0.23)
Contributions	30.78	-
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	30.78	0.12
c) Amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet are as follows:		
Present value of obligation as at the end of the period	94.89	88.14
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the period	(30.78)	(0.12)
(Surplus) / deficit	64.11	88.02
d) Amounts recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss are as follows:		
Current service cost	13.04	12.57
Net interest (income) / expense	5.91	4.57
Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss at the		17.14
end of the period		
× .		
COY		
<b>X</b>		

## Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

## 38 Employee benefits (continued)

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
e) Amounts recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) are as foll	ows:		
Remeasurement for the year - obligation gain / (loss)			
(Gain) / loss from change in demographic assumptions	-	-	
(Gain) / loss from change in financial assumptions	(2.63)	(4.13)	
Experience (gains) / losses	(2.98)	17.21	
Remeasurement for the year - plan assets (gain) / loss	0.41	0.23	
Total remeasurements cost / (credit) for the year	(5.20)	13.31	
f) Net interest (income) / expense recognised in the Statement of Profit	and Loss are as follows:		
Interest (income) / expense - obligation	6.20	4.81	
Interest (income) / expense - plan assets	(0.29)	(0.24)	
Net interest (income) / expense for the year	5.91	4.57	
g) The broad categories of plan assets as a percentage of total plan asse	ts are as follows:		
	%	%	
Funds managed by insurer	100	100	
Total	100	100	

## h) Principal actuarial assumptions used in determining gratuity benefit obligations for the Company's plans are as follows:

	<b>A</b>	%		%
Discount rate		7.50		7.25
Rate of increase in compensation levels		5.00		5.00
Expected rate of return on plan assets	XX	7.25	A	7.25
Withdrawal rate		8.00% p.a at younger	8.00% p.a at younge	er ages
	A 0 Y	ages reducing to 1.00%	reducing to 1.00%	₅ p.a at
	XO	p.a at older ages	olde	er ages
Mortality rate	CA OY	Indian Assured Lives M	ortality (2012-14) ta	able

## i) A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions is shown as follows:

Sensitivity analysis indicates the influence of a reasonable change in certain significant assumptions on the outcome of the present value of obligation. Sensitivity analysis is done by varying (increasing/ decreasing) one parameter by 50 basis points (0.5%).

## (a) Impact of change in discount rate when base assumption is decreased / increased by 50 basis points

Discount rate	_ Y	Present value of obligation	
	VO	<b>31 March 2023</b> 31 March 2022	
Increase by 0.5%		89.95	83.37
Decrease by 0.5%		100.25	93.35

## (b) Impact of change in compensation levels when base assumption is decreased / increased by 50 basis points

Salary increment rate	X	Present value of obligation		
	<b>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
Increase by 0.5%	1	99.62	92.61	
Decrease by 0.5%		90.46	83.93	

## (c) Impact of change in withdrawal rate when base assumption is decreased / increased by 1000 basis points

Withdrawal rate	Present value	Present value of obligation		
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022		
Increase by 10%	95.72	88.92		
Decrease by 10%	94.02	87.33		

The above sensitivity analyses have been calculated to show the movement in defined benefit obligation in isolation and assuming there are no other changes in market conditions at the reporting date. In practice, generally it does not occur. When we change one variable, it affects to others. In calculating the sensitivity, project unit credit method at the end of the reporting period has been applied.

## Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

## 38 Employee benefits (continued)

The method and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous year.

The average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 12.60 years (March 31, 2022 - 13.12 years).

The Company makes payment of liabilities from it's cash and cash equivalents balances whenever liability arises.

The expected maturity analysis of the undiscounted gratuity benefit is as follows:

Defined benefit obligations	Amount
	(in million)
Within 1 year	6.60
1-2 year	5.61
2-3 year	5.10
3-4 year	5.98
4-5 year	6.01
Year 6 to Year 10	36.23
	65.53

The future accrual is not considered in arriving at the above cash-flows.

#### Risk exposure

These defined benefit plans expose the Company to actuarial risks such as longevity risk, currency risk, interest rate risk and market risk.

## II. For workers:

The scheme is a non-contributory defined benefit arrangement providing gratuity benefits expressed in terms of final monthly salary and service. The Company's gratuity plan is unfunded. In accordance with the Standard, the disclosures relating to the Company's gratuity plan are provided below:

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
a) Statement showing changes in present value of obligation	S. S	
Present value of obligations at the beginning of the year	462.22	450.79
Interest cost	32.52	29.97
Current service cost	62.70	60.40
Benefits paid	(21.50)	(22.38)
Actuarial loss / (gain) on obligations	(14.90)	(56.58)
Present value of obligations as at the end of the year	521.04	462.22
b) Table showing changes in the fair value of plan assets		
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of year	-	-
Interest income	-	-
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest income	-	-
Contributions	-	-
Paid / transfer out	-	-
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	-	-
c) Amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet are as follows:		
Present value of unfunded obligation as at the end of the period	521.04	462.22
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	-	-
(Surplus) / deficit	521.04	462.22
d) Amounts recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss are as follows:		
Current service cost	62.70	60.40
Net interest (income) / expense	32.52	29.97
Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the Statement of profit and loss at the end of the period	95.22	90.37

## Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

#### 38 Employee benefits (continued)

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
e) Amounts recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) are as follows:		
Remeasurement for the year - obligation gain / (loss)		
(Gain) / loss from change in financial assumptions	(16.77)	(24.57)
(Gain) / loss from change in demographic assumptions	-	-
Experience (gains) / losses	1.87	(32.01)
Remeasurement for the year - plan assets (gain) / loss	-	-
Total remeasurements cost / (credit) for the year	(14.90)	(56.58)
f) Net interest (income) / expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss are	e as follows:	
Interest (income) / expense - obligation	32.52	29.97
Interest (income) / expense - plan assets	-	-
Net interest (income) / expense for the year	32.52	29.97

## g) Principal actuarial assumptions used in determining gratuity benefit obligations for the Company's plans are as follows:

		%	%
Discount rate		7.50	7.25
Rate of increase in compensation levels		5.00	5.00
Withdrawal rate			
Age up to 25 years	<b>A</b>	8.00	8.00
Age 26 - 35 years		6.00	6.00
Age 36 - 45 years	• 100	4.00	4.00
Age 46 - 55 years	X	2.00	2.00
Age above 56 years		1.00	1.00

In addition to above, 80% withdrawal rate was assumed for employees with duration of service less than 5 years

Mortality rates

Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) table

## h) A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions is shown as follows:

Sensitivity analysis indicates the influence of a reasonable change in certain significant assumptions on the outcome of the present value of obligation. Sensitivity analysis is done by varying (increasing/ decreasing) one parameter by 50 basis points (0.5%).

## (a) Impact of change in discount rate when base assumption is decreased / increased by 50 basis points

Discount rate		Present value	Present value of obligation	
	V ()	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
Increase by 0.5%		489.68	433.96	
Decrease by 0.5%		555.35	493.21	

## (b) Impact of change in salary increase rate when base assumption is decreased / increased by 50 basis point

Salary increment rate		Present value	Present value of obligation	
	100	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
Increase by 0.5%		556.02	493.73	
Decrease by 0.5%		488.83	433.26	

## (c) Impact of change in withdrawal rate when base assumption is decreased / increased by 1000 basis point

Withdrawal rate	Present value of obligation	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Increase by 10%	526.89	467.08
Decrease by 10%	514.95	457.15

The above sensitivity analyses have been calculated to show the movement in defined benefit obligation in isolation and assuming there are no other changes in market conditions at the reporting date. In practice, generally it does not occur. When we change one variable, it affects to others. In calculating the sensitivity, project unit credit method at the end of the reporting period has been applied.

## Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

## 38 Employee benefits (continued)

The method and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous year.

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 15.08 years (March 31, 2022- 15.21 years).

The Company makes payment of liabilities from it cash and cash equivalents balances whenever liability arises.

The expected maturity analysis of the undiscounted gratuity benefit is as follows:

Defined benefit obligations	Amount	
	(in million)	
Within 1 year	35.69	
1-2 year	34.19	
2-3 year	30.26	
3-4 year	29.78	
4-5 year	28.40	
Year 6 to Year 10	121.68	
	280.00	

The future accrual is not considered in arriving at the above cash-flows.

Reconciliation of	<u>orovision f</u>	or gratuity	y:
-------------------	--------------------	-------------	----

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
As per Actuarial valuation report Staff	64.11	88.02
Workers	521.04	462.22
Accrual for gratuity liability for left employees	37.40	37.40
	622.55	587.64
As per Balance sheet		
Non-current provision	597.39	547.20
Current provision	45.14	40.43
	642.53	587.63

## Risk exposure

risks s These defined benefit plans expose the Company to actuarial risks such as longevity risk, currency risk, interest rate risk and market

## Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

## 39 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) expenditure

As per provisions of section 135 of Companies Act 2013, the Company was required to spend INR 24.38 million (31 March 2022: 18.74 million) being 2% of average net profits made during the three immediately preceding financial years, in pursuance of its Corporate Social Responsibility Policy on the activities specified in Schedule VII of the Act, which has been provided for in the books. The Company has spent INR 33 million (31 March 2022: 19 million) towards activities in line with its CSR policy.

Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
(a) amount required to be spent by the company	24.38	18.74	
(b) amount of expenditure incurred (Nature of CSR activities)	33.00	19.00	
(i) Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	-	
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	33.00	19.00	
(c) shortfall / (surplus) at the end of the year	(8.88)	(0.26)	
(d) total of previous years shortfall / (surplus)	(0.26)	(0.26)	
(e) related party transactions	-	-	
(f) provision, if any	-	- 6	

## 40 Details of dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of year		7
Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises	133.82	65.37
Interest due on above	13.21	1.82
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED	>	-
Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond	C V	
the appointed day during each accounting year		
Payment to supplier beyond the appointed date	<b>1</b>	-
Interest paid on above	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making	-	-
payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year)		
but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006		
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each		-
accounting year		
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the	15.54	2.33
succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually		
paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible		
expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006		

The Company has compiled this information based on intimation received from the suppliers of their status as Micro or Small Enterprises and/ or its registration with the appropriate authority under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

## Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

### 41 Discontinued operations

### (a) Description

On 11 February 2019, the Board of Directors decided to discontinue the Rural Electrification (RE) projects business. While the Company shall not be taking up new RE projects, the ongoing projects shall be completed and the Company will continue to fulfil its obligations towards closed and ongoing projects.

The Company has disclosed a single amount in the Statement of profit and loss comprising the total of the pre and post-tax profit or loss of discontinued operations separately from the results from Continuing operations as per the requirements of Ind AS 105 - Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. Moreover, the Company has also re-presented the above disclosures for prior periods presented in the financial statements so that the disclosures relate to all operations that have been discontinued by the end of the reporting period for the latest period presented.

## (b) Financial performance

Financial information relating to the discontinued operation is set out below:

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Income		
Revenue from contracts with customers	1,508.35	, VY
Other income	0.16	<b>\( \rangle \)</b>
Total income	1,508.51	
A		<b>X Y</b>
Expenses		, Y
Cost of materials consumed	1,255.87	7.14
Operating and other expenses	492.40	423.29
Employee benefits expense	100.32	4.95
Finance costs	15.21	6.79
Depreciation and amortisation expense	0.44	0.36
Total expenses	1,864.24	442.53
Profit before tax from discontinued operations (A)	(355.73)	(442.53)
Tax expenses		
Current tax (B)	-	173.38
Deferred tax (C)	(33.20)	(322.50)
Profit from discontinued operations A-(B+C)	(322.53)	(293.41)
Total comprehensive income from discontinued operations	(322.53)	(293.41)
(c) Net cash flow from discontinued operations		
- Net cash flow from operating activities	(142.27)	(61.59)
12/10/		
COTCUL		
\$OT		

## Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

## 42 Financial instruments: Fair values and risk management

## A Accounting classifications and fair value measurements

As per assessments made by the management, fair values of financial instruments carried at amortised cost are not materially different from their carrying amounts since they are either short term nature or the interest rates applicable are equal to the current market rate of interest.

The Company has elected to measure certain equity instruments at 'Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)'.

Refer note 2.26 'Fair value measurement' of significant accounting policies for fair value hierarchy.

Sr. No.	. Particulars	Carrying	value
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Level 1 financial instruments		
- 1	Financial asset		
a)	Carried at fair value through profit and loss		
	Investments in mutual funds	32.51	31.56
	Level 2 financial instruments		7,
- 1	Financial asset		
a)	Carried at amortised cost		
	Investments	0.52	0.50
	Loans	5.34	5.39
	Other financial assets	3,182.02	3,116.70
	Trade receivables	9,650.43	9,106.26
	Cash and cash equivalents	534.58	489.09
	Other bank balances	652.27	572.00
b)	Carried at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)		
	Unquoted non-trade equity investments	1.06	1.06
П	Financial liabilities		
a)	Carried at amortised cost		
	Borrowings (including current maturities)	4,213.52	3,933.39
	Trade payables	2,048.76	1,457.40
	Lease liability	59.62	76.34
	Other financial liabilities	1,409.58	1,371.91

## **B** Valuation techniques

# For level 1 instruments

Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

## For level 2 instruments

The following table shows the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 fair values for financial instruments measured at fair value and through Other Comprehensive Income in the Balance Sheet. Related valuation processes are described in Note 2.26.

Sr. No.	Туре	Valuation technique
1	Financial assets and liabilities	Discounted cash flows: The valuation model considers the present
	~	value of expected payment, discounted using risk-adjusted discount

### Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

### 42 Financial instruments: Fair values and risk management (continued)

### C Financial risk management policy and objectives

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to provide guarantees to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets include investments, loans, trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and other financial assets that is derived directly from its operations.

The Company's risk management is carried out by the management under policies approved by the board of directors. The Company's treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Company's operating units. The board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a discipline and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations. The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk since the Company has fixed interest rate borrowings.

In order to minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company, it has taken various measures. This note explains the source of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and impact of the same in the financial statements.

Risk		Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk		Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, loans, other financial assets measured at	Ageing analysis, external credit rating (wherever available)	Diversification of bank deposits, credit limits and letters of credit
Liquidity risk	<u> </u>	amortised cost. Borrowings, trade	Rolling cash flow	Availability of
	Sic	payables and other financial liabilities	forecasts C	committed credit lines and borrowing facilities
Market risk	Cozz	Recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee (INR)	Sensitivity analysis	Management follows established risk management policies.

## (A) Credit risk

Credit risk in case of the Company arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks, loans, other financial assets and credit exposures to customers including outstanding trade receivables.

## Credit risk management

Credit risk arises from the possibility that counter party may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses the reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. Individual risk limits are set accordingly.

The company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the company compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers reasonable and supportive forward looking information such as:

- (i) Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business,
- (ii) Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty,
- (iii) Financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to counterparty's ability to meet its obligations,
- (iv) Significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same counterparty,
- (v) Significant changes in the value of collateral supporting the obligation or in the quality of third-party guarantees or credit enhancements.

The Company provides for lifetime Expected Credit Loss (ECL) in case of trade receivables. In case of all other financials assets, the Company applies 12-month expected credit loss model. The Company uses an allowance matrix to measure the expected credit loss of trade receivables.

## Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

### 42 Financial instruments: Fair values and risk management (continued)

## **Expected credit loss for receivables**

Under Indian GAAP, provision for doubtful debts is recognised on an incurred credit loss model. Under Ind AS, such provision is recognised on an expected credit loss model.

The Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss of its receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables. At every reporting date, the historically observed default rates are updated, and changes in estimates are analysed.

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and loans and advances. The Company's customer profile include state and central government bodies, public sector enterprises, state owned companies and private customers. General payment terms entail monthly progress payments with a credit period ranging from 30 to 180 days and certain retention money to be released at the end of the project. In some cases retentions are substituted with bank/ corporate guarantees. The Company has a detailed review mechanism of overdue customer receivables at various levels within organisation to ensure proper attention and focus for realisation. Credit risk on trade receivables and unbilled work-in-progress is limited as the customers of the Company mainly consist of the government promoted entities having a strong credit worthiness. The credit period considered in the expected credit loss model for such entities is based on the past trend of receipts. The provision matrix takes into account available external and internal credit risk factors such as Company's historical experience for customers.

Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using expected credit loss model:

Exposure to risk	A (2.)	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Trade receivables		12,100.59	11,390.60
Less: Expected credit loss	CAO	(2,450.16)	(2,284.34)
		9,650.43	9,106.26
		<b>100</b>	
Retention money	$\sim 0^{\gamma}$	559.39	650.64
Less: Expected credit loss		(8.29)	-
		551.10	650.64
		<b>O</b> '	
Other loans and advances		153.02	143.57
Less: Expected credit loss			-
		153.02	143.57

## Reconciliation of loss allowance

		Amount
Loss allowance as at 1 April 2021	. 0	(1,964.58)
Provision on retention money		(118.48)
Amounts written off		394.25
Allowance during the year	7.0	(595.53)
Loss allowance as at 31 March 2022		(2,284.34)
Amounts written off		221.88
Allowance during the year		(395.99)
Loss allowance as at 31 March 2023	Y	(2,458.45)

## Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

## 42 Financial instruments: Fair values and risk management (continued)

### (B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company aims to maintain the level of its cash and cash equivalents at an amount in excess of expected cash outflows on financial liabilities (other than trade payables) over the next six months. The Company also monitors the level of expected cash inflows on trade receivables and loans together with expected cash outflows on trade payables

and other financial liabilities. In addition, the Company's liquidity management policy involves considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet the expected cash flows, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements and maintaining debt financing plans.

Exposure to risk	31 Mar	ch 2023	31 March 2022
Borrowings			
Less than 1 year		2,983.37	3,304.03
More than 1 year Total	<u> </u>	985.15	387.53
Iotai		3,968.52	3,691.56
Trade payables			
Less than 1 year		1,776.14	1,238.93
More than 1 year		272.62	218.48
Total		2,048.76	1,457.41
CA	<u> </u>	5	
Other financial liabilities			
ess than 1 year	\$ 60	1,654.58	1,613.74
More than 1 year		-	-
Total		1,654.58	1,613.74
ease liabilities	4 2 7		
ess than 1 year	KO	24.71	20.33
More than 1 year	NY	34.91	56.01
Fotal		59.62	76.34
	~ 0		
	<b>\</b>		
FOR CIRCULATION	y'		
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#### Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

# 42 Financial instruments: Fair values and risk management (continued)

### C Financial risk management policy and objectives (continued)

#### (C) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates – will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

The Company is exposed to currency risk to the extent that there is a mismatch between the currencies in which sales and purchases are denominated. The Company evaluates exchange rate exposure arising from foreign currency transactions and the Company follows established risk management policies to mitigate the risk.

### Foreign currency exposure:

Financial assets C	Currency	Amount in foreign cu	rrency (absolute	Amount	in INR
		amounts)			
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
Cash balance	USD	643.00	643.00	0.05	0.05
	RMB	3,007.00	3,007.00	0.04	0.04
	HKD	1,102.00	1,102.00	0.01	0.01
	AED	842.00	842.00	0.02	0.02
	EUR	320.00	320.00	0.03	0.03
Currency wise net exposure ( asset	s -liabilities )				
		Amount in foreign cu	rrency (absolute	Amount	in INR
		amoun	ts)	. 0.7	
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
USD		643.00	643.00	0.05	0.05
RMB		3,007.00	3,007.00	0.04	0.04
HKD		1,102.00	1,102.00	0.01	0.01
AED		842.00	842.00	0.02	0.02

#### Currency wise net exposure ( assets -liabilities )

	Amount in foreign cu	Amount in foreign currency (absolute		in INR
	amoun	amounts)		
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
USD	643.00	643.00	0.05	0.05
RMB	3,007.00	3,007.00	0.04	0.04
HKD	1,102.00	1,102.00	0.01	0.01
AED	842.00	842.00	0.02	0.02
EUR	320.00	320.00	0.03	0.03

## Sensitivity analysis

Currency	Amount in	n INR	Sensitivity %	Impact on profit	(strengthen)	Impact on profit	(weakening)
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022		31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
USD	0.05	0.05	5.00%	0.00*	0.00	(0.00)*	(0.00)
RMB	0.04	0.04	5.00%	0.00*	0.00	(0.00)*	(0.00)
HKD	0.01	0.01	5.00%	0.00*	0.00	(0.00)*	(0.00)
AED	0.02	0.02	5.00%	0.00*	0.00	(0.00)*	(0.00)
EUR	0.03	0.03	5.00%	0.00*	0.00	(0.00)*	(0.00)
Total	0.15	0.15	7	0.01	0.01	(0.01)	(0.01)

(USD - US Dollar, RMB - Yuan, HKD - Hong Kong Dollar, AED - Arab Emirates Dirham, EUR - Euro, GBP - British Pounds)

### 43 Capital management

## Risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to

-safeguard it's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and -maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. Consistent with others in the industry, the Company monitors capital on the basis of the following ratio: Net debt (total borrowings net of cash and cash equivalents) divided by total 'equity' (as shown in the balance sheet).

A 0 Y	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Borrowings	3,968.52	3,691.56
Less: Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances	1,258.52	1,088.43
Net debt	2,710.00	2,603.11
Equity	10,228.86	9,040.76
Debt to equity ratio	26%	29%

^{*} Since denominated in INR million

## Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

## 44 Revenue from contracts with customers

### A. Revenue streams

Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Facility services revenue	22,128.83	19,416.82
Facility projects revenue	968.20	892.37
Rural Electrification (discontinued)	1,508.35	-
Other operating revenue		
Interest income under effective interest method on deposits with banks and others	27.96	21.80
Foreign exchange fluctuation gain (net)	0.01	-
Finance income on lease receivables	-	12.52
Miscellaneous income	9.38	17.10
	37.35	51.42
	24,642.73	20,360.61

## Disaggregation of revenue streams

The Company is primarily engaged in the business of integrated facility management services, including mechanized housekeeping, transportation, manpower supply, and other specialised services such as solid waste management, emergency medical services, emergency police services, etc. The Company is also engaged in the business of horticulture, gardening and landscaping services, solar EPC contracts, other turnkey contracts, etc.

Particulars	. 0,7		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Revenue from contracts with customers	×			
Facility services revenue			22,128.83	19,416.82
Facility projects revenue	A 6 7 4	ÇO:	968.20	892.37
Rural Electrification (discontinued)	ZO		1,508.35	-
Total revenue	CAO	5	24,605.38	20,309.19

Particulars	- ( )	<b>100</b>	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Timing of revenue recognition	^ ()'			
Services transferred at a point in time		X >	1,508.35	-
Services Transferred over time		40.7	23,097.03	20,309.19
Total revenue			24,605.38	20,309.19

# 45 Social Security Code

The Code on Social Security 2020 ('the Code') relating to employee benefits, during employment and post-employment, has received Presidential assent on 28 September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. Further, the Ministry of Labour and Employment has released draft rules for the Code on 13 November 2020. However, the effective date from which the changes are applicable is yet to be notified and rules for quantifying the financial impact are also not yet issued.

### Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

## 46 Standards (including amendments) issued but not yet effective

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules, 2023 dated March 31, 2023 to amend certain Ind ASs which are effective from April 01, 2023. Below is a summary of such amendments:

### 1 Ind AS 1 - Presentation of financial statements

The MCA issued amendments to Ind AS 1, providing guidance to help entities meet the accounting policy disclosure requirements. The amendments aim to make accounting policy disclosures more informative by replacing the requirement to disclose 'significant accounting policies' with 'material accounting policy information'. The amendments also provide guidance under what circumstance, the accounting policy information is likely to be considered material and therefore requiring disclosure. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 01 April 2023. The Company is currently revisiting their accounting policy information disclosures to ensure consistency with the amended requirements.

### 2 Ind AS 8 – Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors

The amendment to Ind AS 8, which added the definition of accounting estimates, clarifies that the effects of a change in an input or measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates, unless resulting from the correction of prior period errors. These amendments clarify how entities make the distinction between changes in accounting estimate, changes in accounting policy and prior period errors. The distinction is important, because changes in accounting estimates are applied prospectively to future transactions and other future events, but changes in accounting policies are generally applied retrospectively to past transactions and other past events as well as the current period. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after April 01, 2023. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

### 3 Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes

The amendment to Ind AS 12, requires entities to recognise deferred tax on transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal amounts of taxable and deductible temporary differences. They will typically apply to transactions such as leases of lessees and decommissioning obligations and will require the recognition of additional deferred tax assets and liabilities.

The amendment should be applied to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, entities should recognise deferred tax assets (to the extent that it is probable that they can be utilised) and deferred tax liabilities at the beginning of the earliest comparative period for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with:

- right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, and
- · decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities, and the corresponding amounts recognised as part of the cost of the related assets.

The cumulative effect of recognising these adjustments is recognised in retained earnings, or another component of equity, as appropriate. Ind AS 12 did not previously address how to account for the tax effects of on-balance sheet leases and similar transactions and various approaches were considered acceptable. Some entities may have already accounted for such transactions consistent with the new requirements. These entities will not be affected by the amendments.

4 The other amendments to Ind AS notified by these rules are primarily in the nature of clarifications.

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### Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

## 47 Additional Regulatory Information

### (a) Details of Benami Property held

The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.

### (b) Wilful Defaulter

The Company has not been declared as a Wilful Defaulter by any Financial Institution or bank as at the date of Balance Sheet.

### (c) Relationship with Struck off Companies

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transactions with	Relationship with	Balance outstanding	Balance outstanding
	struck-off Company	the Struck off	as at current period	as at previous period
		company, if any		
Mechwig Engineering & Services Private Limited	Payment for services	Not Related	-	0.44

### (d) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC)

The Company has no pending charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with the ROC beyond the Statutory period.

### (e) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company has complied with the provision of the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

## (f) Discrepancy in utilization of borrowings

The Company has used the borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date. There are no discrepancies in the utilisation of borrowings.

## (g) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium:

- (A) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries).
- (B) the company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party).

The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:

- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries); or
- b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or;
- b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

# Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

## 48 Additional Information

### (a) Undisclosed income

The Company has no transaction that is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

## (b) Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency.

## 49 Ratios analysis & its elements

#### (a) Ratios and reasons for variances

Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	% change from 31 March 2022 to 31 March 2023	Reasons for variance, where variation exceeds 25%
Current Ratio	2.08	1.74	19.85%	
Debt-Equity Ratio	0.39	0.41	-4.98%	
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	2.73	2.79	-2.07%	-
Return on Equity Ratio	12.37%	13.37%	-7.47%	-
Inventory turnover ratio	43.10	2.38	1707.12%	Ratio has increased on account of completion of certain RE projects during the year, resulting in recognition of contract assets as expenditure during the year.
Trade Receivables turnover ratio	2.46	2.26	8.98%	- 0
Trade payables turnover ratio	1.26	1.50	-15.84%	-
Net capital turnover ratio	2.26	2.25	0.52%	-
Net profit ratio	5.48%	5.95%	-7.94%	- (0)
Return on Capital employed	15.02%	15.84%	-5.17%	-
Return on investment	12.37%	13.37%	-7.47%	6
	circul	OTILITA		

# Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements (continued)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million)

## (b) Basis of calculation

Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2023		31 March 2022	
			Numerator	Denominator	Numerator	Denominator
Current Ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	15,161.96	7,278.62	15,352.07	8,833.11
Debt-Equity Ratio	Debt :- long term	Equity :- Total Equity	3,968.52	10,228.86	3,691.56	9,040.76
	borrowings + short					
	term borrowings					
Dalla Caralina Caranana Batin	F		2 257 42	200.00	2.252.60	007.50
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earning available for	Interest + Installment :-	2,367.12	866.69	2,252.60	807.68
	debt services :- net	interest expenses on				
	profit before + non	borrowings and current				
	cash expenses tax	maturities				
	(Depreciation and					
	Amortisation excluding					<b>4</b>
	amortisation of ROU) +					
	interest expense on					
	borrowings					
Return on Equity Ratio	Total Profit / (loss) for	Total Equity	1,265.46	10,228.86	1,208.74	9,040.76
	the period / year					7
					\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	
Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of good sold :-	Average Inventory	2,211.65	51.32	2,004.30	840.39
	purchase of cars,					
	spares and others +		A			
	changes in inventories				( ) , y	
	of stock-in-trade		. O Y		h. /	
		<u></u>	70			
Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Revenue from	Average Trade Receivables	23,097.03	9,378.35	20,309.19	8,987.20
	operations	A	4	COY		
		A 0, Y		XO		
Trade Payables turnover ratio	Total Purchase	Average Trade Payables	2,211.65	1,753.08	2,004.30	1,337.02
Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue from	Total equity (parent+ non	23,097.03	10,228.86	20,309.19	9,040.76
Net capital turnover ratio		1,7	23,037.03	10,220.00	20,303.13	3,040.70
	operations	controlling interest)		J'		
Net profit ratio	Profit / (loss) after tax	Revenue from operations	1,265.46	23,097.03	1,208.74	20,309.19
net prone radio	roney (loss) area can	nevenue ii diii operations	2,2051.0	25,057105	1,20017 1	20,000.13
Return on Capital employed	Earning before	Capital Employed :- total	2,132.15	14,197.38	2,016.42	12,732.32
	interest & taxes (EBIT)	equity + borrowings	103			
	:- profit / (loss) before	3				
	tax + interest	A				
	expenses on financial	,	/4.			
	liabilities carried at		<b>Y</b>			
	amortised cost					
	231 6364 6556					
Return on investment	Total profit / (loss)	Equity shareholders' fund	1,265.46	10,228.86	1,208.74	9,040.76
	after tax attributable					
	to owners of the	, O y				
	company					
	company		l	l .	l .	

As per our report of even date attached

For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 105047W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

**BVG India Limited** 

CIN: U74999PN2002PLC016834

Nitin Manohar Jumani

Partner

Membership No.: 111700

Hanmantrao Gaikwad Chairman &

- 9

Managing Director

DIN: 01597742 DIN: 06972087

Manoj Jain Chief Financial Officer Mem. No.: 075185 Rajni Pamnani Company Secretary Mem. No.: F-11018

Swapnali Gaikwad

Director

Pune, June 23, 2023 Pune, June 23, 2023